

Meeting Agenda

Finance Committee

Wednesday, April 8, 2015	4:30 PM	Council Chambers, 6th Floor

- 1. Call meeting to order
- 2. Roll call of membership
- 3. Approval of minutes from previous meeting
 - 15-556 March 25, 2015 Finance Committee minutes.

Attachments: MeetingMinutes25-Mar-2015-01-15-35.pdf

4. Public Hearings/Appearances

5. Action Items

15-558 Request to award Unit Y-13 WWTP Storm Sewer Reconstruction to Advance Construction Company in the amount of \$2,411,249.75 with a 2.5% contingency of \$60,000 for a project total not to exceed \$2,471,249.75.

Attachments: Award of Contract Y-13.pdf

15-559 Request to deny claim for excessive assessment for Walgreens, Co., real estate property keys 31-4-6162-01, 31-5-1173-00, 31-6-7601-00, 31-5-4253-00, 31-5-4250-00.

Attachments: Walgreens.pdf

15-560 Request to deny claim for excessive assessment for KFC, real estate property key 31-6-0327-00.

Attachments: KFC.pdf

15-561 Request approval of the Relocation Order for the John Street Reconstruction project.

Attachments: John Street - Relocation Order.pdf

15-562 Request approval of the Valley Transit Procurement Manual.

Attachments: Valley Transit Procurement Manual.pdf

6. Information Items

15-557 Director's Reports:

Finance Information Technology Legal Services

7. Adjournment

Notice is hereby given that a quorum of the Common Council may be present during this meeting, although no Council action will be taken.

Reasonable Accommodations for Persons with Disabilities will be made upon Request and if Feasible.

Questions on agenda, please contact Tony Saucerman at (920) 832-6440.



City of Appleton

Meeting Minutes Finance Committee

Wedr	nesday, March 25, 2015		4:30 PM	Council Chambers, 6th Floo
			AMENDED	
1.	Call meeting to o	rder		
		Meeting was ca	alled to order at 4:30 pm.	
2.	Roll call of memb	pership		
	Pr		erperson Plank, Alderperson Stueck, erperson Konetzke and Alderperson	-
3.	Approval of minu	tes from prev	vious meeting	
	15-504	Finance Minu	utes from 3-11-15	
		<u>Attachments:</u>	Finance Minutes 3-11-15.pdf	
		-	onetzke moved, seconded by Alder proved. Roll Call. Motion carried by	-
		•	lerperson Plank, Alderperson Stueck lerperson Konetzke and Alderperson	-
4.	Public Hearings	Appearance/	S	
	15-484	-	Ruys, 2001 E. Glendale Avenu cial assessment payment for c enue.	-
		This Appearan	ce was presented	
5.	Action Items			
	15-485	refund of his	n Mr. Anthony Ruys, 2001 E. G 2013 special assessment payr Glendale Avenue in the amou	nent for concrete
		<u>Attachments:</u>	Assessment appeal - 2001 E. Glei	ndale Avenue.pdf
		-	onetzke moved, seconded by Alder recommended for denial. Roll Call.	

following vote:

Aye:	5 -	Alderperson Plank, Alderperson Stueck, Alderperson Coenen,
		Alderperson Konetzke and Alderperson Lobner

- **15-470** Request to approve awarding City Park Playground Resilient Surface Project to Team REIL, Inc. in the amount of \$106,932.20 with a contingency of \$5,345.00 for a contract total not to exceed \$112,277.20
 - Attachments: Park Playground surface project 3-25-15.pdf

Alderperson Lobner moved, seconded by Alderperson Coenen, that the Report Action Item be recommended for approval. Roll Call. Motion carried by the following vote:

15-487 Request to approve awarding Unit C-15 Sidewalk Sawcutting to ASTI Sawing, Inc. in an amount not to exceed \$30,000.00

Attachments: Award of Contract C-15.pdf

Alderperson Konetzke moved, seconded by Alderperson Coenen, that the Report Action Item be recommended for approval. Roll Call. Motion carried by the following vote:

- Aye: 5 Alderperson Plank, Alderperson Stueck, Alderperson Coenen, Alderperson Konetzke and Alderperson Lobner
- **15-502** Request to award sole source contract to Taser International for body cameras and Taser's under a 5 year contract in the amount not to exceed \$98,605 in year one.

Attachments: Taser Finance Memo 3-19-15.pdf

Alderperson Coenen moved, seconded by Alderperson Plank, that the Report Action Item be recommended for approval. Roll Call. Motion carried by the following vote:

Aye: 5 - Alderperson Plank, Alderperson Stueck, Alderperson Coenen, Alderperson Konetzke and Alderperson Lobner

Aye: 5 - Alderperson Plank, Alderperson Stueck, Alderperson Coenen, Alderperson Konetzke and Alderperson Lobner

15-503	Request to approve the following 2015 Budget adjustment:
	General Fund - Police DeptOther Contracts - MDC security & token maintenance-\$18,850Equipment - Computer analysis equipment-\$8,000Equipment - Body cameras & tasers\$26,850
	To transfer funds from other areas to help fund "Officer Safety Program" body cameras and tasers
	Alderperson Coenen moved, seconded by Alderperson Lobner, that the Report Action Item be recommended for approval. Roll Call. Motion carried by the following vote:
	Aye: 5 - Alderperson Plank, Alderperson Stueck, Alderperson Coenen, Alderperson Konetzke and Alderperson Lobner
15-468	Request to approve the 2014-2015 Budget appropriations: 1. Items not under contract -\$5,868,430 2. Special consideration -\$514,661
	Attachments: Consolidated 14-15 carryover - not under contract (amended).pdf
	Consolidated 14-15 carryover - special consideration.pdf
	Motion made by Alderperson Plank, seconded by Alderperson Coenen to amend page 2 of the Consolidated 14-15 carryover - not under contract by removing "for PC purchases" from the Hardware replacements line. Motion carried by a 5-0 vote.
	Alderperson Stueck moved, seconded by Alderperson Coenen, that the Report Action Item be recommended for approval as amended. Roll Call. Motion carried by the following vote:
	Aye: 5 - Alderperson Plank, Alderperson Stueck, Alderperson Coenen, Alderperson Konetzke and Alderperson Lobner
15-518	The Finance Committee will go into closed session according to State Statute §19.85(1)(e) for the purpose of discussions of real estate negotiations regarding the Library and reconvene into open session.
	Alderperson Konetzke moved, seconded by Alderperson Stueck,to convene in Closed Session. Roll Call. Motion carried by the following vote:
	Aye: 5 - Alderperson Plank, Alderperson Stueck, Alderperson Coenen, Alderperson Konetzke and Alderperson Lobner
	Alderperson Stueck left at 5:45pm

Alderperson Lobner moved, seconded by Alderperson Coenen, to rise and report, returning into open session. Upon vote, motion carried unanimously.

- Aye: 4 Alderperson Plank, Alderperson Coenen, Alderperson Konetzke and Alderperson Lobner
- Excused: 1 Alderperson Stueck

6. Information Items

15-473 Change Order # 1 to Bar Screen Replacement Project contract for channel draining valves in the amount of \$4,737 resulting in a decrease to contingency from \$109,638 to \$104,901

Attachments: Bar Screen Change Order #1.pdf

This Presentation was received and filed

15-474 Change Order # 2 to Bar Screen Replacement Project contract for structural improvements and door relocation in the amount of \$8,588 resulting in a decrease to contingency from \$104,901 to \$96,313

Attachments: Bar Screen Change Order #2.pdf

This Presentation was received and filed

15-469 The following 2014-2015 Budget carryover appropriations were approved in accordance with policy:

 1. Amounts under contract -\$5,680,906

 2 Non-lapsing funds -\$558,827

 Attachments:
 Consolidated 14-15 carryover - under contract.pdf

Consolidated 14-15 carryover - non-lapsing.pdf

This Presentation was received and filed

7. Adjournment

A motion was made by Alderperson Lobner, seconded by Alderperson Konetzke, that this meeting be adjourned. The motion carried by the following vote:

Aye: 4 - Alderperson Plank, Alderperson Coenen, Alderperson Konetzke and Alderperson Lobner

Excused: 1 - Alderperson Stueck

CITY OF APPLETON Department of Public Works MEMORANDUM

TO:

Finance Committee

Municipal Services Committee

Utilities Committee

SUBJECT: Award of Contract

The Department of Public Works recommends that the following described work:

Y-13 Wastewater Treatment Plant Storm Sewer Reconstruction

Be awarded to:

Name: Advance Construction Company

Address: 2141 Woodale Avenue

Green Bay, WI 54313

In the a	mount	of:		2,411,249.75
With a	2.5	%	contingency of :	\$60,000.00
For a pr	oject f	otal	not to exceed :	\$2,471,249.75

** OR **

In an amount Not To Exceed :

Budget:	\$2,450,500.00
Estimate:	\$2,450,500.00
Committee Date:	04/08/15
Council Date:	04/22/15

	BID TABULATION		> -	WWTP STORM SEWER RECONSTRUCTION	WER RECONST	RUCTION	-		-		UNIT Y.13
				#1 - Advance Const. Co.		#2 - Globe Contractors		#3 - Super Excavators, Inc.		#4 - Iowa Trenchless LC	۲C
		i		Crist		Unit		Unit		Unit	
Item	Description	<u>0tv/</u>	Ţ L	Price/\$	Total/\$	Price/\$	Total/\$	Price/\$	Total/\$	Price/\$	Total/\$
r.	Furnish & Install 60" Class IV Storm Sewer (Trenchless)	200	lin.ft.	\$1,100.00	\$770,000.00	\$1,000.00	\$700,000.00	\$1,000.00	\$700,000.00	\$1,000,00	\$700,000.00
67	Furnish & Install 54" Class IV Storm Sewer (Trenchless)	790	lin.ft,	\$1,030.00	\$813,700.00	\$1,000.00	\$790,000.00	\$900.00	\$711,000.00	\$1,000.00	\$790,000.00
ઌં	Furnish & Install 54" Class I/I Storm Sewer (Open Cut)	150	lin.ft.	\$265.00	\$39,750.00	\$500.00	\$75,000.00	\$350.00	\$52,500.00	\$330.00	\$49,500.00
4	Furnish & Install 43"x 68" Class IV Horizontal Elliptical Storm Sewer	66	lin.ft.	\$305.00	\$27,450.00	\$600,00	\$54,000.00	\$500.00	\$45,000.00	\$425.00	\$38,250.00
Ś	Furnish & Install 24" Class III Storm Sewer (Open Cut)	40	lin.ft.	\$150.00	\$6,000.00	\$350.00	\$14,000.00	\$600.00	\$24,000.00	\$250.00	\$10,000.00
ġ	Furnish & Install 15" Class III Storm Sewer (Open Cut)	115	lin.ft.	\$85.65	\$9,849.75	\$200.00	\$23,000.00	\$175.00	\$20,125.00	\$175.00	\$20,125.00
7.	Furnish & Install 43"x 68" Concrete Apron End Wall	.	ea.	\$10,000.00	\$10,000.00	00.000,8\$	\$6,000.00	\$4,500.00	\$4,500.00	\$3,500.00	\$3,500.00
ω	Furmish & Install Storm Box Manhole Structure DD-168	-	uns dun	\$105,000.00	\$105,000.00	\$112,000.00	\$112,000.00	\$225,000.00	\$225,000.00	\$130,000.00	\$130,000.00
റ്	Furnish & Install Storm Box Manhole Structure DD-169	~	uns dun	\$142,000.00	\$142,000.00	\$174,000.00	\$174,000.00	\$200,000.00	\$200,000.00	\$205,000.00	\$205,000.00
<u>10</u>	Furmish & Install Saddle Type Storm Manhole Structure DD-179	-	ums duni	\$45,000.00	\$45,000.00	\$30,000.00	\$30,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$26,500.00	\$26,500.00
.	Fumish & Install Deep Storm Box Manhole Structure DD-170	.	uns duni	\$142,000.00	\$142,000,00	\$110,000.00	\$110,000.00	\$160,000.00	\$160,000.00	\$200,000.00	\$200,000.00
12.	Furmish & Install Deep Storm Box Manhole Structure DD-171	-	mus dmul	\$146,000.00	\$146,000.00	\$184,000.00	\$184,000.00	\$210,000.00	\$210,000.00	\$265,000.00	\$265,000.00
1 3	Furmish & Install Standard Storm Box Manhole Structure DD-172	-	ums dunt	\$19,715.00	\$19,715.00	\$25,000.00	\$25,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$50,000.00	\$95,000.00	\$95,000.00
4	Furnish & Install Standard Storm Box Manhole Structure DD-173	-	uns dunj	\$14,925,00	\$14,925.00	\$19,000.00	\$19,000.00	\$8,000.00	\$8,000.00	\$17,500.00	\$17,500.00
15.	Furnish & Install Storm Box Manhole Junction Structure DD-180	~	uns dunj	\$18,650.00	\$18,650.00	\$16,000.00	\$16,000.00	\$10,000.00	\$10,000.00	\$18,000.00	\$18,000.00
16.	Furmish & install Standard Storm Box Manhole Structure DD-174	-	mus qmul	\$13,820.00	\$13,820.00	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00	\$8,000.00	\$8,000.00	\$17,500,00	\$17,500.00
17.	Boulder Obstructions	2	63.	\$3,000.00	\$6,000.00	\$5,000.00	\$10,000.00	\$1.00	\$2.00	\$10,000.00	\$20,000.00
6 .	Furnish & Install WisDOT Type "B" Inlet Protection	7	ġ	\$100.00	\$200.00	\$100.00	\$200.00	\$100.00	\$200.00	\$140,00	\$280.00
19,	Furnish & Install WisDOT Type "C" Inlet Protection	ę	69	\$70.00	\$210.00	\$100.00	\$300,00	\$150.00	\$450.00	\$140.00	\$420.00
20,	Fumish & Install "E" inlet w/Casting	-	ea.	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$1,955.00	\$1,955.00	\$1,750.00	\$1,750.00	\$2,450.00	\$2,450.00
21.	Abandon Storm Main and Manholes	۳.	uns dun	\$66,260.00	\$66,260.00	\$100,000.00	\$100,000.00	\$135,000,00	\$135,000.00	\$112,500.00	\$112,500.00
52.	Furnish and Install 12" CURLEX Sediment Log	130	lin.ft.	\$9.00	\$1,170.00	\$30,00	\$3,900.00	\$20.00	\$2,600.00	\$20.00	\$2,600.00
23.	Fumish and Install Turbidity Barrier	50	lin.ft.	\$40.00	\$2,000.00	\$50.00	\$2,500.00	\$30.00	\$1,500.00	\$50.00	\$2,500.00
24.	Furnish and Install Heavy Riprap	10	си. Үd.	\$465.00	\$4,650.00	\$150.00	\$1,500.00	\$30.00	\$300.00	\$35.00	\$350.00
25.	Furnish and Install Silt Fence	580	lin.ft.	\$2.00	\$1,160.00	\$2.00	\$1,160.00	\$2.00	\$1,160.00	\$3.50	\$2,030.00
26.	Furnish and Install Rock Filter Bag Protection	2	ea.	\$120.00	\$240.00	\$1,000,00	\$2,000.00	\$50,00	\$100.00	\$75.00	\$150.00
27.	Stockpiling of Biosolids & Contaminated Soil On-Site	100	cu. yds.	\$35,00	\$3,500.00	\$50.00	\$5,000.00	\$50.00	\$5,000.00	\$200.00	\$20,000.00
	TOTAL ITEMS 1 THROUGH 27:				\$2,411,249.75	I	\$2,475,515.00	I	\$2,626,187.00	I	\$2,749,155.00

WWTP STORM SEWER RECONSTRUCTION

BID TABULATION

CITY OF APPLETON

Page 1

3/30/2015

MEMO:2014 Claims for Excessive Real Estate AssessmentDATE:04/8/15TO:Finance CommitteeFROM:DeAnn Brosman, City Assessor

Walgreens – Parcels # 31-4-6162-01, 5-1173-00, 6-7601-00, 5-4253-00, 5-4250-00

Walgreens has filed a claim for Excessive Assessment on four of their stores and an associated parking lot. The assessed values were sustained at the 2014 Board of Review where no new evidence was presented. This claim is a continuation of 2011-2013 claims which were denied by City Council and are being pursued in circuit court. This claim must be filed with the city annually in order for Walgreens to preserve their litigation rights.

The circuit court proceedings were "stayed" pending the outcome of Walgreens v. the City of Oshkosh. In December 2014, the Oshkosh Appellate Court ruled in favor of Walgreens. As a result, our judge has ordered that we have a mediation session with Walgreens by November. I am recommending denial of this claim to allow for these legal proceedings to occur.

***A notice was mailed to the claimants on March 31st notifying them of the dates/times for the Finance Committee meeting and City Council meeting.





January 20, 2015

Reinhart Boerner Van Deuren s.c. P.O. Box 2018 Madison, WI 53701-2018

22 East Mifflin Street Suite 600 Madison, WI 53703

Telephone: 608-229-2200 Fax: 608-229-2100 Toll Free: 800-728-6239 reinhartlaw.com

Don M. Millis, Esq. Direct Dial: 608-229-2234 dmillis@reinhartlaw.com

CLAIM FOR EXCESSIVE ASSESSMENT

SERVED BY PROCESS SERVER

Dawn Collins, Clerk City of Appleton 100 N. Appleton Street Appleton, WI 54911

Dear Clerk:

Re: Tax Parcel Nos.: 31-4-6162-01, 31-5-1173-00, 31:5=7601-00 & 31-5-4253-00 (combined with 31-5-4250-00)

Now comes Claimant, Walgreen Co., tenant of parcels 31-4-6162-01, 31-5-1173-00, 31-5-7601-00 and 31-5-4253-00 (combined with 31-5-4250-00) (the "Properties") in Appleton, Wisconsin, by Claimant's attorneys Reinhart Boerner Van Deuren s.c., and files this Claim for Excessive Assessment against the City of Appleton (the "City"), pursuant to Wis. Stat. §74.37. You hereby are directed to serve any notice of disallowance on the undersigned agent of the claimant.

1. This Claim is brought under Wis. Stat. § 74.37(3)(d), for a refund of excessive real estate taxes imposed on Claimant by the City for the year 2014, plus statutory interest, with respect to the Properties.

2. Claimant is the tenant on the Properties, is responsible for the payment of property taxes and the prosecution of property tax disputes involving the Properties and is authorized to bring this claim in its own name.

3. The City is a body corporate and politic, duly organized as a municipal corporation under Wisconsin law, with its principal office located at 101 North Appleton Street, in the City.

4. The Properties are located at 3330 E. Calumet Street, 700 West College, 2803 North Meade Street and 729 West Northland Avenue within the City, and are identified in the

City records as Tax Parcel Nos. 31-4-6162-01, 31-5-1173-00, 31-5-7601-00 and 31-5-4253-00 (combined with 31-5-4250-00).

5. The Wisconsin Department of Revenue determined that the aggregate ratio of property assessed in the City was 101.9311574% as of January 1, 2014.

6. For 2014, property tax was imposed on property in the City at the rate of \$22.265 per \$1,000 for of the assessed value for Property.

7. For 2014, the City's assessor set the assessment of the Properties as follows:

31-4-6162-01	\$3,400,000
31-5-1173-00	\$3,600,000
31-6-7601-00	\$3,768,000
31-5-4253-00 (combined	
with 31-5-4250-00):	\$5,301,000

8. Claimant appealed the 2014 assessment of the Properties by filing a timely objection with the City's Board of Review pursuant to Wis. Stat. § 70.47 and otherwise complying with all of the requirements of Wis. Stat. § 70.47, except Wis. Stat. § 70.47(13).

9. The Clty's Board of Review heard the Claimant's objection and sustained the assessment on the merits as follows:

\$3,400,000
\$3,600,000
\$3,768,000
\$5,301,000

10. The City imposed tax on the Properties as follows:

31-4-6162-01	\$75,701
31-5-1173-00	\$80,154
31-6-7601-00	\$83,895

31-5-4253-00 (combined with 31-5-4250-00):

\$118,027

11. Claimant is timely paying the property taxes imposed by the City on the Properties for 2014, or the required installment thereof.

12. The fair market value of the Properties as of January 1, 2014 was no higher than the following:

31-4-6162-01	\$2,000,000
31-5-1173-00	\$2,000,000
31-6-7601-00	\$1,885,940
31-5-4253-00 (combined	· · ·
with 31-5-4250-00)	\$1,885,940

13. Based on the aggregate ratio of 101.9311574%, the correct assessments of the Properties for 2014 is no higher than the following:

31-4-6162-01	\$2,038,623
31-5-1173-00	\$2,038,623
31-6-7601-00	\$1,922,360
31-5-4253-00 (combined with 31-5-4250-00)	\$1,922,360

14. Based on the tax rate of \$22.265 per \$1,000 of assessed value, the correct amount of property tax on the Properties for 2014 should be no higher than the following:

31-4-6162-01	\$45,390
31-5-1173-00	\$45,390
31-6-7601-00	\$42,801
31-5-4253-00 (combined	
with 31-5-4250-00)	\$42,801

15. The 2014 assessments of the Properties, as set by the City's Board of Review were excessive and, upon information and belief, violated Article VIII, Section 1 (i.e., the Uniformity Clause) of the Wisconsin Constitution. As a result, the property tax imposed on the Properties for 2014 were excessive in at least the amount of \$181,394.

16. Claimant is entitled to a refund of 2014 tax in the amount of \$181,394, or such greater amount as may be determined to be due to Claimant, plus statutory interest.

17. The amount of this claim is \$181,394, plus interest thereon.

Dated at Madison, Wisconsin, this 20th day of January, 2015.

Sincerely yours, Don NK Millis Agent for Claimant

27867150

THUE

meeting community needs...enhancing quality of life."

City of Appleton City Assessor 100 N. Appleton St. Appleton, WI 54911 920-832-5850

Attn: Don Millis Reinhart Boerner Van Deuren s.c. PO Box 2018 Madison WI 53701-2018

March 31st, 2015

RE: WI Statute 74.37 Claims for Excessive Assessment - Walgreens Pharmacy parcels

Dear Attorney Millis,

Your 2014 claims for Excessive Assessment on the following five parcels will be submitted to the city's Finance Committee for approval or denial next Wednesday, April 8th. If you would like to attend the meeting, it will be held at 4:30 pm in room A/B on 6^{th} Fl. of City Hall, 100 N. Appleton St.

Parcel 31-4-6162-01 at 3330 E Calumet St. 31-5-1173-00 at 700 W College Ave. 31-5-4253-00 at 729 W Northland Ave. 31-5-4250-00 adjacent parking lot. 31-6-7601-00 at 2803 N Meade St.

The Finance Committee's decision will be voted on at the Wednesday, April 22nd City Council meeting. I would recommend that you contact our City Clerk at 920-832-6448 prior to these meeting dates to confirm that the item is on the agenda and to discuss the procedures required to speak on the item if you so desire. Feel free to contact our City Attorney if you have other questions.

Sincerely,

DeAnn Brosman City Assessor

MEMO:	2014 Claims for Excessive Real Estate Assessment
DATE:	04/8/15
то:	Finance Committee
FROM:	DeAnn Brosman, City Assessor
• •	

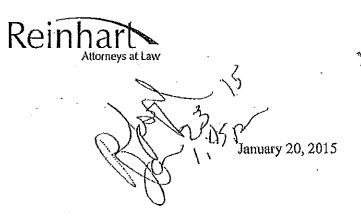
KFC - Parcel# 31-6-0327-00

An Excessive Assessment claim was filed for the fast food restaurant at 111 E. Wisconsin Ave. The assessed value was sustained by the 2014 Board of Review. The restaurant underwent a major remodel in 2008. It is assessed at \$553,900 in line with other occupied fast food properties. H&K Partners LLC (tenant & franchisee) is requesting an assessment of \$254,800.

H & K's representative submitted an appraisal completed for tax assessment purposes to the Board of Review in the amount of \$300,000. Four out of the six comparable sales used by the appraiser were unoccupied buildings. A 2013 WI Appellate Court ruling concluded that sales prices of unoccupied dark stores are not good comparables for occupied stores. Buyers of unoccupied buildings incur holding costs, higher risk, leasing commissions, remodeling costs, etc. H & K has provided no evidence supporting a \$254,800 assessed value.

The assessed value of \$553,900 is supported by sales prices of comparable properties, the income approach to value using comparable market rents and not the higher actual rent, the cost to replace the building less depreciation, and all other evidence. Based on these facts, I am recommending denial of this claim.

***A notice was mailed to the claimants on March 31st notifying them of the dates/times for the Finance Committee meeting and City Council meeting.



Reinhart Boerner Van Deuren s.c. P.O. Box 2018 Madison, WI 53701-2018

22 East Mifflin Street Suite 600 Madison, WI 53703

Telephone: 608-229-2200 Fax: 608-229-2100 Toll Free: 800-728-6239 reinhartlaw.com

Don M. Millis, Esq. Direct Dial: 608-229-2234 dmillis@reinhartlaw.com

CLAIM FOR EXCESSIVE ASSESSMENT

SERVED BY PROCESS SERVER

Dawn Collins, Clerk City of Appleton 100 N. Appleton Street Appleton, WI 54911

Dear Clerk:

Re: Tax Parcel No. 316 032700

Now comes Claimant, CNL Net Lease c/o KFC, owner as by their agent H&K Partner, LLC of parcel 316 032700 (the "Property") in Appleton, Wisconsin, by Claimant's attorneys Reinhart Boerner Van Deuren s.c., and files this Claim for Excessive Assessment against the City of Appleton (the "City"), pursuant to Wis. Stat. § 74.37. You hereby are directed to serve any notice of disallowance on the undersigned agent of the claimant.

1. This Claim is brought under Wis. Stat. § 74.37(3)(d), for a refund of excessive real estate taxes imposed on Claimant by the City for the year 2014, plus statutory interest, with respect to the Property.

2. Claimant is the owner on the Property, is responsible for the payment of property taxes and the prosecution of property tax disputes involving the Property and is authorized to bring this claim in its own name.

3. The City is a body corporate and politic, duly organized as a municipal corporation under Wisconsin law, with its principal office located at 100 N. Appleton Street, in the City.

4. The Property is located at 111 E. Wisconsin Avenue within the City, and is identified in the City records as Tax Parcel No. 316 032700.

5. The Wisconsin Department of Revenue determined that the aggregate ratio of property assessed in the City was 101.9311574% as of January 1, 2014.

6. For 2014, property tax was imposed on property in the City at the rate of \$22.265 per \$1,000 for of the assessed value for Property.

7. For 2014, the City's assessor set the assessment of the Property at \$553,900.

8. Claimant appealed the 2014 assessment of the Property by filing a timely objection with the City's Board of Review pursuant to Wis. Stat. § 70.47 and otherwise complying with all of the requirements of Wis. Stat. § 70.47, except. Wis. Stat. § 70.47(13).

9. The City's Board of Review heard the Claimant's objection and sustained the assessment on the merits at \$553,900.

10. The City imposed tax on the Property in the amount of \$12,333.

11. Claimant is timely paying the property taxes imposed by the City on the Property for 2014, or the required installment thereof.

12. The fair market value of the Property as of January 1, 2014 was no higher than \$250,000.

13. Based on the aggregate ratio of 101.9311574%, the correct assessment of the Property for 2014 is no higher than \$254,828.

14. Based on the tax rate of \$22,265 per \$1,000 of assessed value, the correct amount of property tax on the Property for 2014 should be no higher than \$5,674.

15. The 2014 assessment of the Property, as set by the City's Board of Review was excessive and, upon information and belief, violated Article VIII, Section 1 (i.e., the ..., Uniformity Clause) of the Wisconsin Constitution. As a result, the property tax imposed on the Property for 2014 was excessive in at least the amount of \$6,659.

16. Claimant is entitled to a refund of 2014 tax in the amount of \$6,659, or such greater amount as may be determined to be due to Claimant, plus statutory interest.

17. The amount of this claim is \$6,659, plus interest thereon.

Dated at Madison, Wisconsin, this 20th day of January, 2015.

Sincerely yours;

Don M. Millis Agent for Claimant

٠.

28990633



meeting community needs...enhancing quality of life."

City of Appleton City Assessor 100 N. Appleton St. Appleton, WI 54911 920-832-5850

Attn: Don Millis Reinhart Boerner Van Deuren s.c. PO Box 2018 Madison WI 53701-2018

March 31st, 2015

RE: WI Statute 74.37 Claim for Excessive Assessment - KFC restaurant parcel

Dear Attorney Millis,

Your 2014 claim for Excessive Assessment on parcel 31-6-0327-00 located at 111 E. Wisconsin Ave. will be submitted to the city's Finance Committee for approval or denial next Wednesday, April 8th. If you would like to attend the meeting, it will be held at 4:30 pm in room A/B on 6^{th} Fl. of City Hall, 100 N. Appleton St.

The Finance Committee's decision will be voted on at the Wednesday, April 22nd City Council meeting. I would recommend that you contact our City Clerk at 920-832-6448 prior to these meeting dates to confirm that the item is on the agenda and to discuss the procedures required to speak on the item if you so desire. Feel free to contact our City Attorney if you have other questions.

Sincerely,

DeAnn Brosman City Assessor

The City of Appleton, Outagamie/Calumet/Winnebago Counties, Wisconsin, by its Common Council and for its Relocation Order hereby resolves as follows:

1. That this Resolution is a Relocation Order in accordance with subsection 32.05(1), Wisconsin Statutes, for the purpose of the within-described public improvement project and it is also a determination of necessity for that project in accordance with subsection 32.07(2), Wisconsin Statutes;

2. That the City of Appleton hereby determines that it is necessary and of public purpose to widen the pavement to accommodate turning movements at Telulah Avenue and for the construction of a roundabout at East South River Street, in the City of Appleton, Wisconsin.

3. That said roadway will be built within the areas marked on the scale drawings, which are attached to this Relocation Order as Exhibit "A" and Exhibit "B" and are incorporated herein; Record and return to:

City of Appleton – City Attorney's Office 100 North Appleton Street Appleton, WI 54911-4799

4. That the legal descriptions for the acquisition areas necessary for this construction are contained in Exhibits "C", "D", "E", "F", "G" and "H", which are also incorporated herein;

5. That the City of Appleton will acquire a fee simple interest in the areas described in Exhibits "B", "C", "D", "E", "F" and "G", from the present owners and Permanent Limited Easement interest in the areas described in Exhibits "F" and "H".

Passed and approved this _____ day of _____, 2015.

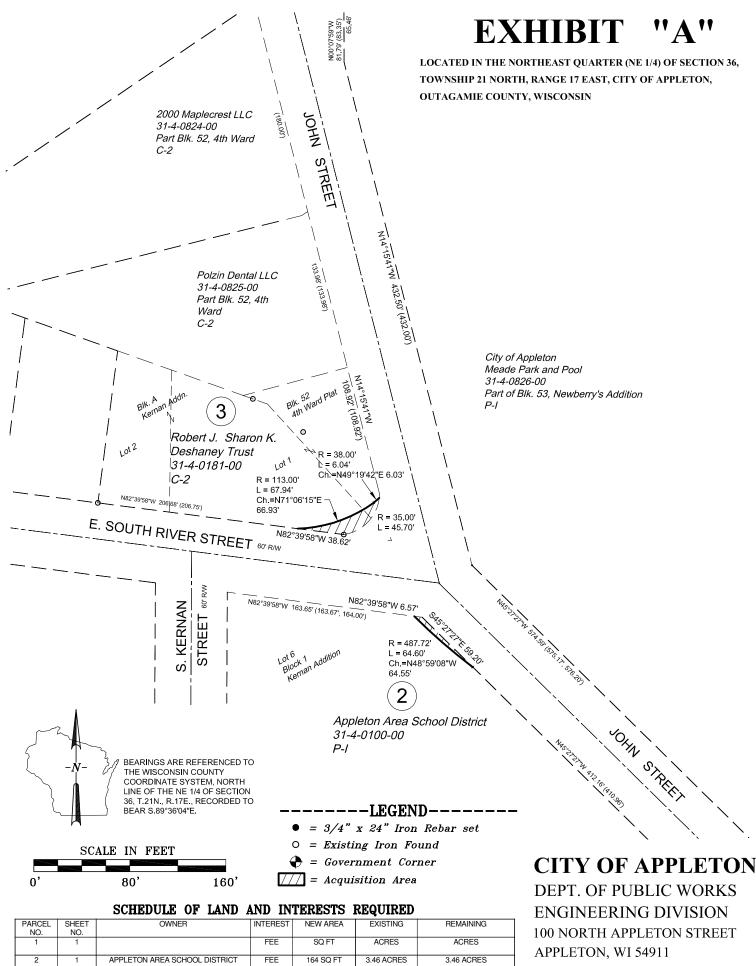
I hereby certify that on this _____ day of ______, 2015, that the within Relocation Order was adopted by a vote of _____ ayes and _____ nays by the City Council for the City of Appleton, Wisconsin.

ATTEST:

Dawn A. Collins, City Clerk

APPROVED:

Timothy M. Hanna, Mayor



920-832-6474 DRAFTED BY: T. KROMM H:\Acad\row acq\2015\John Street_0317_2015

ROBERT J. SHARON K. DESHANEY FEE

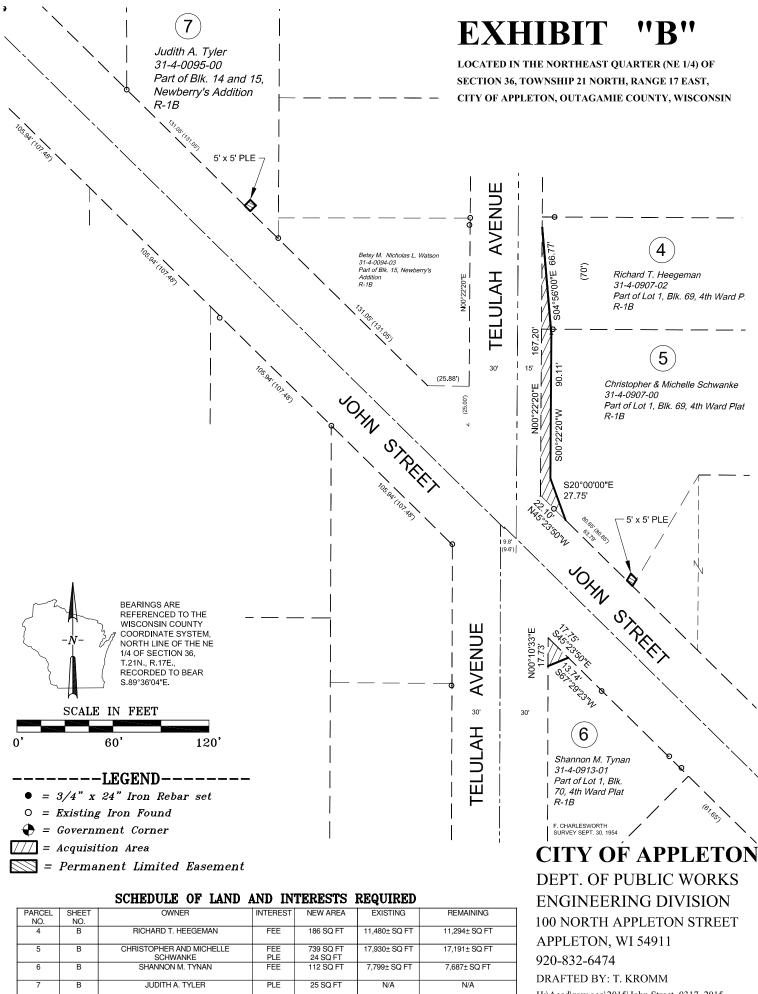
TRUST

564 SQ FT

25,985± SQ FT

25,421± SQ FT

3



H:\Acad\row acq\2015\John Street_0317_2015

EXHIBIT C

Legal Description for Acquisition Parcel 2 Appleton Area School District

A portion of land for street right way, being all those lands of the owner within the following described area:

A part of Lot 6 in Block 1, **KERNAN ADDITION**, according to the recorded Assessor's Plat of the City of Appleton, being located in the NW ¼ of the NE ¼ of Section 36, T.21N., R.17E., City of Appleton, Outagamie County, Wisconsin, containing 164 square feet of land m/l and being further described by:

Commencing at the North ¼ corner of said Section 36;

Thence South 89°36'04" East 617.92 feet along the North line of the NE ¼ of said Section 36; Thence South 00°23'56" East 887.07 feet to the South line of E. South River Street at the Southwesterly line of John Street also being coincident with an angle point in the Northerly line of said Block 1 and being the point of beginning;

Thence South 45°27'27" East 59.20 feet along the Northeasterly line of said Block 1 and also being coincident with the Southwesterly line of John Street;

Thence Northwesterly 64.60 feet along the arc of a curve to the right having a radius of 487.72 feet and the chord of which bears North 48°59'08" West 64.55 feet to the North line of said Block 1 and also being the Southerly line of E. South River Street;

Thence South 82°39'58" East 6.57 feet along the Southerly line of E. South River Street to the Point of Beginning.

Part of Tax Parcel No. 31-4-0100-00.

EXHIBIT D

Legal Description for Acquisition Parcel 3 Robert J. Sharon K. Deshaney Trust

A portion of land for street right way, being all those lands of the owner within the following described area:

A part of Lot 1 in Block A, **KERNAN ADDITION** and a part of Block 52, **FOURTH WARD PLAT**, all according to the recorded Assessor's Plat of the City of Appleton, being located in the NW ¼ of the NE ¼ of Section 36, T.21N., R.17E., City of Appleton, Outagamie County, Wisconsin, containing 564 square feet of land m/l and being further described by:

Commencing at the North ¼ corner of said Section 36;

Thence South 89°36'04" East 591.87 feet along the North line of the NE ¼ of said Section 36; Thence South 00°23'56" East 823.46 feet to the most Easterly and common corner of said Block A and said Block 52;

Thence North 14°15'41" West 40.00 feet along the Easterly line of said Block 52 and also being coincident with lands described in Volume 207 on Page 386 as Document Number 269325;

Thence Southwesterly 3.14 feet along the arc of a curve to the right having a radius of 35.00 feet and the chord of which bears South 04°07'55" West 3.14 feet to the point of beginning;

Thence continue Southwesterly 45.70 feet along the arc of a curve to the right having a radius of 35.00 feet and the chord of which bears South 44°06'16" West 42.52 feet to the Northerly line of E. South River Street;

Thence North 82°39'58" West 38.615 feet along the Northerly line of E. South River Street; Thence Northeasterly 67.945 feet along the arc of a curve to the left having a radius of 113.00 feet and the chord of which bears North 71°06'15" East 66.93 feet;

Thence Northeasterly 6.04 feet along the arc of a curve to the left having a radius of 38.00 feet and the chord of which bears North 49°19'42" East 6.03 feet to the Point of Beginning.

Part of Tax Parcel No. 31-4-0181-00.

EXHIBIT E

Legal Description for Acquisition Parcel 4 Richard T. Heegeman

A portion of land for street right way, being all those lands of the owner within the following described area:

A part of Lot 1 in Block 69, **FOURTH WARD PLAT**, according to the recorded Assessor's Plat of the City of Appleton, being located in the SE ¼ of the NE ¼ of Section 36, T.21N., R.17E., City of Appleton, Outagamie County, Wisconsin, containing 186 square feet of land m/l and being further described by:

Commencing at the North ¼ corner of said Section 36;

Thence South 89°36'04" East 1331.02 feet along the North line of the NE ¼ of said Section 36; Thence South 00°22'20" West 1495.34 feet to the Southwest corner of Lot 1 of said Block 69 and said point being 45.00 feet East of the West line of Telulah Avenue and being the point of beginning; Thence North 00°22'20" East 167.20 feet along the East line of Telulah Avenue coincident with the West line of said Lot 1;

Thence South 04°56'00" East 66.77 feet;

Thence South 00°22'20" West 98.28 feet;

Thence Southeasterly 15.98 feet along the arc of a curve to the left having a radius of 20.00 feet and the chord of which bears South 22°30′45″ East 15.555 feet to the Northeasterly line of John Street coincident with the Southerly line of said Lot 1;

Thence North 45°23'50" West 17.06 feet along the Northeasterly line of said John Street to the point of beginning.

Said parcel subject to all easements and restrictions of record.

Part of Tax Parcel No. 31-4-0907-02.

EXHIBIT F

Legal Description for Acquisition Parcel 5 Christopher and Michelle Schwanke

A portion of land for street right way, being all those lands of the owner within the following described area:

A part of Lot 1 in Block 69, **FOURTH WARD PLAT**, according to the recorded Assessor's Plat of the City of Appleton, being located in the SE ¼ of the NE ¼ of Section 36, T.21N., R.17E., City of Appleton, Outagamie County, Wisconsin, containing 739 square feet of land m/l and being further described by:

Commencing at the North ¼ corner of said Section 36;

Thence South 89°36'04" East 1331.02 feet along the North line of the NE ¼ of said Section 36; Thence South 00°22'20" West 1495.34 feet to the Southwest corner of Lot 1 of said Block 69 and said point being 45.00 feet East of the West line of Telulah Avenue and being the point of beginning; Thence North 00°22'20" East 167.20 feet along the East line of Telulah Avenue coincident with the West line of said Lot 1;

Thence South 04°56'00" East 66.77 feet;

Thence South 00°22'20" West 90.11 feet;

Thence South 20°00'00" East 27.75 feet to the Northeasterly line of John Street being coincident with the Southerly line of said Lot 1;

Thence North 45°23'50" West 17.06 feet along the Northeasterly line of said John Street to the point of beginning.

Said parcel subject to all easements and restrictions of record.

Part of Tax Parcel No. 31-4-0907-00.

SEE ALSO EXHIBIT "B"

Also

A Permanent Limited Easement for street lighting purposes, being all those lands of the owner within the following described area:

A part of Lot 1 in Block 69, **FOURTH WARD PLAT**, according to the recorded Assessor's Plat of the City of Appleton, being located in the SE ¼ of the NE ¼ of Section 36, T.21N., R.17E., City of Appleton, Outagamie County, Wisconsin, containing 24 square feet of land m/l and being further described by: Commencing at the North ¼ corner of said Section 36;

Thence South 89°36'04" East 1331.02 feet along the North line of the NE ¼ of said Section 36; Thence South 00°22'20" West 1495.34 feet to the Southwest corner of Lot 1 of said Block 69 and said point being 45.00 feet East of the West line of Telulah Avenue; Thence South 45°23'50" East 75.85 feet along the Southwesterly line of Lot 1 of said Block 69 and being coincident with the Northeasterly line of John Street to the point of beginning;

Thence North 30°48'11" East 5.00 feet;

Thence South 45°23'50" East 5.00 feet;

Thence South 30°48'11" West 5.00 feet to the Northeasterly line of John Street;

Thence North 45°23'50" West 5.00 feet along the Northeasterly line of John Street to the point of beginning.

Said parcel subject to all easements and restrictions of record.

Part of Tax Parcel No. 31-4-0907-00.

EXHIBIT G

Legal Description for Acquisition Parcel 6 Shannon M. Tynan

A portion of land for street right way, being all those lands of the owner within the following described area:

A part of Lot 1 in Block 70, **FOURTH WARD PLAT**, according to the recorded Assessor's Plat of the City of Appleton, being located in the SE ¼ of the NE ¼ of Section 36, T.21N., R.17E., City of Appleton, Outagamie County, Wisconsin, containing 112 square feet of land m/l and being further described by:

Commencing at the North ¼ corner of said Section 36;

Thence S.89°36'04"E. 1331.02 feet along the North line of the NE ¼ of said Section 36;

Thence S.00°10'39"W. 1584.33 feet to the most Northerly corner of Lot 1 of said Block 70 and said point being 60.00 feet East of the West line of Telulah Avenue and being the point of beginning;

Thence S.45°23'50"E. 17.75 feet along the Southeasterly line of John Street and being coincident with the Northeasterly line of said Lot 1;

Thence S.67°29'23"W. 13.74 feet to the East line of said Telulah Avenue being coincident with the West line of said Lot 1;

Thence N.00°10'33"E. 17.73 feet along the East line of Telulah Avenue coincident with the West line of said Lot 1 to the point of beginning.

Said parcel subject to all easements and restrictions of record.

Part of Tax Parcel No. 31-4-0913-01.

EXHIBIT H

Legal Description for Acquisition (Permanent Limited Easement) Parcel 7 Judith A. Tyler

A Permanent Limited Easement for street lighting purposes, being all those lands of the owner within the following described area:

A part of Block 14, **NEWBERRY'S ADDITION**, according to the recorded Assessor's Plat of the City of Appleton, being located in the NW ¼ of the NE ¼ of Section 36, T.21N., R.17E., City of Appleton, Outagamie County, Wisconsin, containing 25 square feet of land m/l and being further described by: Commencing at the North ¼ corner of said Section 36;

Thence South 89°36'04" East 1286.02 feet along the North line of the NE ¼ of said Section 36; Thence South 00°22'20" West 1452.54 feet to the most Southerly corner of Block 15 of said Newberry's Addition;

Thence North 45°27'27" West 191.63 feet along the Southwesterly line of Block's 15 and 14 of said Newberry's Addition and also being coincident with the Northeasterly line of John Street to the point of beginning;

Thence continue North 45°27'27" West 5.00 feet along the northeasterly line of John Street; Thence North 44°32'33" East 5.00 feet;

Thence South 45°27'27" East 5.00 feet;

Thence South 44°32′33" West 5.00 feet to the point of beginning.

Said parcel subject to all easements and restrictions of record.

Part of Tax Parcel No. 31-4-0095-00.



March 16, 2015

To: Fox Cities Transit Commission Finance Committee

From: Deborah Wetter, General Manager

Subject: Approve Valley Transit Procurement Manual

Background:

During Valley Transit's Federal Transit Administration (FTA) 2013 triennial review, we received several findings related to procurement. The FTA informed us that we could no longer use the City of Appleton procurement policies as written procedures for Valley Transit because all state and federal requirements are not incorporated within the City's documents. The corrective action for this finding was that Valley Transit would provide the FTA with written procurement policies and procedures along with a description of how the policies would be implemented.

Following the triennial review, Deb Ebben attended several FTA sponsored procurement classes to learn the rules and regulations that needed to be incorporated into Valley Transit's procurement manual. After several revisions, the FTA approved the attached Valley Transit procurement manual. Upon FTA approval, Valley Transit is required to ask its governing boards, the Fox Cities Transit Commission and the City of Appleton Common Council to approve the manual. All employees who are authorized to make purchases on behalf of Valley Transit must follow the rules set forth in the Valley Transit Procurement Manual.

Recommendation:

Approve the Valley Transit Procurement Manual



U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Transit Administration

March 9, 2015

Ms. Deborah Wetter General Manger City of Appleton *d.b.a.* Fox Valley Transit 801 Whitman Avenue Appleton, WI 54914 Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, Wisconsin

REGION V

200 West Adams Street Suite 320 Chicago, IL 60606-5253 312-353-2789 312-886-0351 (fax)

Re: Federal Transit Administration FY 2013 Triennial Review – Close Out Letter

Dear Ms. Wetter:

The Federal Transit Administration (FTA) has received and reviewed your responses to the FY 2013 Triennial Review Final Report. The City of Appleton *d.b.a* Fox Valley Transit has submitted the appropriate documentation to resolve all of the deficiencies identified in the aforementioned report.

Please consider your FY 2013 Triennial Review to be closed. If you have questions, please contact Cyrell McLemore at Cyrell.McLemore@dot.gov or (312) 886-1625, or me at (312) 353-2789.

Thank you for the cooperation shown to us throughout the Triennial Review process.

Sincerely,

Marisol. R. Simón Regional Administrator, FTA Chicago



PROCUREMENT MANUAL



PREPARED BY VALLEY TRANSIT January 2015

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CHAPTER I INTRODUCTION

Valley Transit, a department of the City of Appleton, provides a range of transportation services for the general public in Fox Cities region, which includes the Cities of Appleton, Kaukauna, Menasha, Neenah, Villages of Kimberly, Little Chute, Towns of Buchanan, Grand Chute, Menasha and the Counties of Calumet, Outagamie and Winnebago. Valley Transit provides fixed route service along with complimentary ADA paratransit and various ancillary paratransit services.

Valley Transit procures goods, inventory items, consultant and professional services as necessary to fulfill the purposes of Valley Transit. As a direct recipient of Federal Transit Administration funds, Valley Transit is required to comply with certain federal rules and regulations when it procures items with the use of these federal funds. In order to ensure a fair and competitive system and to comply with industry best practices, Valley Transit has adopted this Procurement Manual. It represents the minimum standards that must be met by Valley Transit contract administrators.

CHAPTER II PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO ALL PROCUREMENTS

General Principles

<u>Procurement Policy</u>. The policies contained in this Procurement Manual are intended to maintain the integrity of Valley Transit's procurement processes, while ensuring that purchases are made in a cost effective, timely manner; with fair and open competition; and in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations.

<u>Conflicts of Interest</u>. No preferential treatment may be given to any contractor. It is Valley Transit's goal to avoid actual or perceived conflicts of interest in contracts and to promote full and open competition. In the case of a real or apparent conflict of interest, the Valley Transit employee, officer, board member or agent with the actual or perceived conflict must not participate in the selection, award, or administration of such contract. The following standards of conduct govern employees engaged in the selection, award or administration of federally funded contracts:

- The officers, employees, board members and agents of Valley Transit must not solicit nor accept gratuities, favors, or anything of monetary value from contractors, or parties to subagreements.
- A conflict of interest is deemed to exist if the employee, officer, board member or agent of Valley Transit, his/her partner, any member of his/her immediate family, or an organization that employs or is about to employ any of the foregoing, has a financial or other interest in the proposed contract.
- A conflict of interest will not be deemed to exist where the financial interest is insubstantial.

Valley Transit may take disciplinary action up to and including dismissal for violations of these standards by officers, employees, board members or agents of the recipient.

<u>Competition</u>. Procurement transactions should be conducted in a manner that, to the extent practical, promotes open and free competition. Awards will be made to the bidder or offeror whose bid or offer is responsive to the solicitation and is most advantageous to Valley Transit.

- *Restraint of Trade*. Valley Transit employees, officers, and agents must not support or acquiesce in noncompetitive pricing practices between firms or between affiliated companies.
- Organizational Conflicts of Interest Exclusion from Competition. Contractors who
 participate in the development or drafting of Valley Transit's specifications,
 requirements, statements of work, invitations for bids, or requests for proposals will be
 excluded from competing for such procurements. In order to mitigate potential
 organizational conflicts of interest, Valley Transit user and procurement personnel shall
 conduct a review of pending requisitions/projects to ensure that such conflicts are
 identified and eliminated. An organizational conflict of interest occurs when any of the
 following circumstances arise:
 - \circ Lack of Impartiality or impaired objectivity. When the contractor is unable, or

potentially unable, to provide impartial and objective assistance or advice to the recipient due to other activities, relationships, contracts, or circumstances.

- Unequal access to information. The contractor has an unfair competitive advantage through obtaining access to nonpublic information during the performance of an earlier contract.
- Biased ground rules. During the conduct of an earlier procurement, the contractor has established the ground rules for a future procurement by developing specifications, evaluation factors, or similar documents.
- Geographic Preferences. Procurement transactions using Federal funds will be conducted in a manner that prohibits the use of in-state or local geographical preferences in the solicitation and evaluation of bids proposals, except in those cases where applicable Federal statutes or regulations expressly mandate or permit geographic preference.
- *Arbitrary Action.* Arbitrary actions in the procurement process are prohibited. Examples could include award of a contract to other than the low bidder without appropriate justification and rejection of bids or proposals without rational reasons.

<u>Requirements/Prohibitions Related to Contract Selection and Reimbursement Methods</u>. Valley Transit must comply with the following prohibitions and requirements related to selecting the type of contract or basis for reimbursement for federally funded procurements.

- *Responsive offers.* Valley Transit will only make awards to responsive offers from responsible offerors. A responsive offer is one that complies with all material requirements of the solicitation. A responsible offeror is one possessing the technical, physical, financial and ethical capacity to successfully perform a specific contract.
- *Cost plus a percentage of cost.* Valley Transit must not utilize the "cost-plus-a-percentage-of-cost" or "percentage of construction cost" methods of contracting.
- *Time and materials*. Valley Transit must not utilize the "time and materials" contract unless Valley Transit determines that no other contract type is suitable and the contract explicitly specifies a ceiling price that the bidder or offeror may only exceed at its own risk.
- *Cost reimbursement.* Where Valley Transit chooses to enter a "cost reimbursement" contract, its employees, officers, and agents must comply with the applicable provisions of Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) Part 31. Specifically, Valley Transit must utilize the guidelines in FAR Part 31 to determine whether the contractor's proposed costs are reasonable, allowable, and allocable.
- Advance payments. Advance payments of federal funds are prohibited unless prior written concurrence is obtained from the federal funding agency.
- *Progress payments.* If progress payments are used for a selected contract, such payments must be made on the basis of costs incurred or, for construction contracts only, on the basis of percentage of completion of the relevant project. Valley Transit

must obtain adequate security (i.e., title to work in progress; letter of credit) for any progress payments made.

• *Contract terms.* Valley Transit will enter into contracts with performance periods that do not exceed the time necessary to accomplish the purpose of the contract. Pricing, competition, fairness and public perception will be used to determine the contract period, with rationale documented in the procurement file. The period of contract performance for rolling stock and replacement parts may be a multi-year contract, with an option not exceeding five (5) years to buy additional buses or replacement parts, as defined in FTA C4220.1F. Rolling stock and replacement parts procurements shall be limited to Valley Transit's material requirements for the applicable contract period.

<u>Debarment and Suspension</u>. Valley Transit must not contract with parties debarred or suspended from Federal programs under DOT regulations, "non-procurement Suspension and Debarment," 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200, or under the FAR at 48 CFR Chapter 1, Part 9.4. Valley Transit's employees, officers, and agents shall conduct this check prior to forming a contract for procurement. These records may presently be checked at www.sam.gov.

<u>Federal Clauses</u>. Valley Transit must comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations. Some of the laws and regulations affect third party contractors, other laws and regulations will affect the nature of the property or services to be acquired or terms under which the property or services must be acquired. Valley Transit will use the matrix in the Appendix of this procurement manual as a reference for applicable clauses. The matrix will be reviewed and updated annually.

<u>Revenue Rolling Stock Pre-Award and Post-Delivery activities</u>. When purchasing revenue rolling stock with FTA funds, Valley Transit must comply with applicable requirements of 49 U.S. Section 5323(m) and those provisions of FTA regulations "Pre-Award and Post-Delivery Audits, 49 CFR Part 663 that do not conflict with 49 U.S. Section 5323(m).

The pre-award audit includes a Buy America certification, a purchaser's requirements certification, and where appropriate, a manufacturer's Federal Motor Vehicle Safety certification. A pre-award purchaser's certification is a certification that the rolling stock is the same product described in the solicitation specification and the proposed manufacturer is a responsible manufacturer with the capability to produce a vehicle that meets the specification set forth in the solicitation.

Valley Transit must ensure that a post-delivery audit is complete before title to the rolling stock is transferred. A post-delivery audit includes a post-delivery Buy America certification, a post-delivery purchaser's requirements certification and a manufacturer's Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard self-certification. A post-delivery requirements certification is a certification that a resident inspector was at the manufacturing site throughout the period of manufacture of the rolling stock, monitored and completed a report on the manufacture of the rolling stock. The report should include accurate records of all vehicle construction activities, address how the construction and operation of the vehicles fulfills the contract specifications and record of visually inspection and road testing the vehicles.

CHAPTER III PROCUREMENT PLANNING AND ADMINISTRATION

1. Contract Administration System

Valley Transit's contract administration system is intended to manage procurement activities and help ensure that contractors engaged by Valley Transit perform in accordance with the terms, conditions and specifications of their respective contracts.

<u>Activities</u>. Contract administration may involve a variety of activities, including but not limited to: monitoring project progress; monitoring financial status of contractors; ensuring contractor compliance with quality assurance requirements; and evaluating adequacy of engineering efforts.

<u>Evaluation</u>. Valley Transit will evaluate contract performance and, as appropriate, document whether contractors have met the terms, conditions and specifications of the contract.

<u>Responsibilities</u>. Valley Transit will identify an individual who will be responsible for the maintenance of procurement records for each project.

2. <u>Procurement Planning</u>

Valley Transit staff should plan procurements in advance to best address the needs of Valley Transit. The Common Grant rules require the recipient of FTA funds to maintain and make available written records detailing the history of each procurement. Planning a procurement process should include:

<u>Avoidance of Duplicative Procurements</u>. In order to avoid purchasing unnecessary items, Valley Transit staff should keep records of and regularly review planned procurements.

<u>Analysis of Alternatives to Purchase</u>. Procurement activity will be reviewed by the Valley Transit Administrative Manager at least annually to determine if certain classes of purchases should be consolidated or broken out to obtain more economic pricing. Where appropriate, analysis will also be made of lease versus purchase alternatives or any other appropriate methodology to determine the most economical approach.

<u>Contract Type</u>. In determining the type of contract to be utilized, staff should consider price, risk, uncertainty, and responsibility for costs. The type of contract used should reflect the cost risk and responsibility assumed by the contractor or supplier. Contract types include, but are not limited to, the following:

- *Firm fixed-price contracts*. This contract type provides a firm contract price, without the right to cost adjustments except in specific circumstances as set forth in the contract terms and conditions.
- *Cost reimbursement/cost-plus-fixed-fee contracts*. This contract type includes an estimate of the total contract costs, to be paid on a reimbursement basis, which amount cannot be exceeded without Valley Transit approval, plus a negotiated fixed fee.
- *Time and materials/labor hour contracts.* These contract types are based on payment

for direct labor hours at specified, fully burdened hourly rates, and, as applicable for materials at agreed upon cost. This type of contract must not be utilized unless Valley Transit determines that no other contract type is suitable. If used, a ceiling price should be included in the contract, with provisions specifying that the contractor exceeds this ceiling at its own risk, unless prior written approval of Valley Transit is obtained for an increase in the ceiling price.

- Revenue contract. A revenue contract is a contract in which the recipient or subrecipient
 provides access to public transportation assets for primary purpose of either producing
 revenues in connection with an activity related to public transportation, or creating
 business opportunities with the use of FTA assisted property. To ensure fair and equal
 access to FTA assisted property and to maximize revenue derived from such property,
 Valley Transit should conduct revenue contracting as follows:
 - Limited contract opportunities. If there are several potential competitors for a limited opportunity (such as advertising space on the side of a bus), then Valley Transit will use a competitive process to permit interested parties an equal chance to obtain the limited opportunity.
 - Open contract opportunities. If, however, one party seeks access to a public transportation asset, and Valley Transit is willing and able to provide contracts or licenses to other parties similarly situated, then competition would not be necessary.

<u>Procurement Type</u>. The Valley Transit staff responsible for the applicable procurement will determine which method of procurement is to be utilized based on the criteria set forth in this Procurement Manual. Procurement methods include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Micro purchases Micro purchases do not require multiple quotes, formal bidding procedures or non-competitive procurement findings. For federally funded procurements, the threshold for micro purchases is \$3,000. The City of Appleton's requires two quotes for purchases over \$1,000 (See small purchases below). Procurements should not be split (i.e., segmented into smaller contracts to fall under the micro purchase thresholds) to avoid competition and should be distributed equitably among qualified suppliers.
- Small purchases. For federally funded procurements, the threshold for a small purchase is \$100,000, but the City of Appleton's requirements are more stringent. Small purchases have several thresholds; \$1,000 - \$4,999, \$5,000 - \$15,000 and purchases over \$15,000.
 - \$1,000 \$4,999, Two quotes are required
 - \$5,000 14,999, Three written quotes are required
- Small and Large purchases \$15,000 and over. When making a purchase for \$15,000 or more, one of the following procurement methods should be used:
 - Low bid competitive procurement. A low bid competitive procurement pursuant to issuance of an invitation for bids (IFB) may be used where a complete, adequate, and sufficiently generic specification is developed; adequate

competition is available in the marketplace (two or more responsive and responsible bidders will compete); and the procurement lends itself to a firm-fixed price contract. An IFB will be used when required by the applicable funding source based on the project type and anticipated contract value.

- Competitively negotiated procurement. A competitively negotiated procurement pursuant to issuance of a Request for Proposals (RFP) or Request for Qualifications (RFQ) may be used where a low bid competitive procurement is not appropriate or desirable for the solicitation, including, but not limited to, the procurement of professional services including architect, engineering, construction management, accounting, legal and other similar services, and the contract is anticipated to exceed the small purchase threshold. Joint procurements utilizing competitively negotiated procurement are allowed. All architect and engineering (A&E) projects will follow the Brooks Act; use of RFQ procurement and price negotiation with the most qualified candidate.
- Non-competitive procurement/Sole source. Procurements may be made through solicitation of a proposal from only one source. For federally funded procurements, Valley Transit must perform a cost and profit analysis prior to making the award, which analysis must be included in the procurement file. An amendment to an existing contract that is beyond the scope of the original procurement, including any negotiated options, or that increases the contract amount over the small purchase threshold ("tag-on") is subject to this section.
- *Piggybacking*. Valley Transit may "piggyback" on a contract/solicitation process completed by another entity that complies with the requirements of this manual, if the procurement allows another entity to purchase the same supplies or equipment under the original contract/solicitation process.
- *Emergency; Unusual and Compelling Urgency.* If Valley Transit has an unusual and urgent need for the property or services, such that Valley Transit would be seriously injured by having to comply with competitive procurement requirements. Valley Transit may also enter into a contract in a non-competitive manner when the public exigency or emergency will not allow for the delay of engaging in a competitive procurement.

3. Procurement Specifications

In order to provide for fair, unbiased review and evaluation of competitive proposals, Valley Transit solicitations for goods and services over the small purchase threshold should provide clear specifications.

<u>Specification Requirements for Procurements</u>. All competitive solicitations should provide, as applicable:

- Clear Descriptions. A clear and accurate description of the technical requirements for the material, product, or service to be procured.
- Preference for Performance Specifications. A description of the requirements which

the bidder/offeror must fulfill and all other factors to be used in evaluating bids or proposals. The specifications should include the range of acceptable characteristics or minimum acceptable standards.

- Quality Requirements. A description of technical requirements in terms of functions to be performed or performance required, including the range of acceptable characteristics or minimum acceptable standards.
- Nonrestrictive Specifications. Technical requirements for the procurement that do not contain features which unduly restrict competition.
- Use of "brand name or equal" purchase descriptions only if:
 - An adequate specification cannot be provided without performing an inspection and analysis in time for the acquisition under consideration; and
 - When minimum needs are carefully identified and those salient physical and functional characteristics of the brand name product are clearly set forth in the solicitation.
- The preference, to the extent practical and financially feasible, for products and services that conserve natural resources, protect the environment, and are energy efficient.

<u>Exclusionary or Discriminatory Specifications</u>. Valley Transit, its employees, officers, and agents must not use federal funds to support an exclusionary or discriminatory specification. In conformity with this mandate:

- Valley Transit will not impose unreasonable business requirements for bidders or offerors.
- Valley Transit will not impose unnecessary experience requirements for bidders or offerors.
- Valley Transit will not require excessive prequalification of contractors.
- Valley Transit will not impose excessive bonding without the original recipient's and the funding agency's written concurrence.
- Valley Transit will not specify a brand name product without allowing offers of an equal product.
- Valley Transit will not specify in-State or local geographic preferences, except to comply with State licensing requirements or in the case of procuring architectural engineering or disaster relief services.

4. Independent Cost Estimate

An independent cost estimate must be completed prior to the solicitation/receipt of bids or proposals for federally funded procurements in order to assist with determining price

reasonableness. The independent estimate must be prepared without knowledge of the contractor's proposed pricing. Depending on the procurement type and scope, independent cost estimates may be completed by Valley Transit staff, by independent third-party staff, or by a firm retained to complete the estimate. Methods of completing the independent cost estimate vary based on the procurement and include:

- Checking historical records or published price guides.
- Completing a detailed and in-depth estimate, such as required for preparing an engineer's estimate for a construction contract.

5. Contractor Selection

<u>Responsible Contractors</u>. Valley Transit will only award contracts to responsible contractors who possess the ability, willingness, and integrity to perform successfully under the terms and conditions of the contract. An evaluation committee or procurement officer will determine if a contractor is responsible. In making this determination, Valley Transit will ensure that the prospective contractor satisfies the following criteria:

- Have a satisfactory record of integrity and business ethics by checking references and work history.
- Be neither debarred nor suspended from Federal programs by checking the System for Award Management (SAM) website.
- Be in compliance with the Common Grant Rules affirmative action and FTA's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise requirements by including verbiage in contracts and monitoring the contractor for compliance.
- Be in compliance with applicable licensing and tax laws and regulations.
- Have, or can obtain, sufficient financial resources to perform the contract as required by 49 U.S.C. Section 5325(j)(2)(D).
- Have, or can obtain, the necessary production, construction, and technical equipment and facilities.
- Be able to comply with the required delivery or performance schedule.
- Be able to provide a satisfactory current performance record, a satisfactory past performance record, sufficient resources, adequate past experience and past deficiencies not the fault of the provider.

Information collected in solicitation should include:

- Description/references of similar work performed in the preceding five year period, including work in progress
- For contracts over \$250,000, certified financial statements for the preceding three year period. If certified statements are not available, acceptable financial documentation would be required.
- Description of plant, equipment, machinery, etc. necessary to support work.
- Compliance certification for DBE requirements, tax/licensing laws, criminal history and debarments/performance issues.

<u>Utilization of Specific Businesses and Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (DBE)</u>. It is the policy of Valley Transit that disadvantaged business enterprises (DBEs), as defined in 49 C.F.R.

Part 26, shall have an opportunity to participate in awards of its contracts and subcontracts. Valley Transit employees, officers, and agents shall make positive efforts to utilize small businesses, minority-owned firms, and women's business enterprises in federally funded procurements. As feasible, Valley Transit should do the following to promote participation:

- Ensure that small businesses, minority-owned firms, and women's business enterprises are used to the fullest extent practicable.
- Make information on forthcoming opportunities available and arrange timeframes for purchases and contracts to encourage and facilitate participation by such organizations.
- Consider in the contract process whether firms competing for larger contracts intend to subcontract with such organizations.
- Consider contracting with consortiums of such organizations when a contract is too large for one of these firms to handle individually.

6. Cost and Price Analysis.

A cost or price analysis must be performed for every procurement action, including contract modifications. The method and degree of analysis is dependent on the facts surrounding the particular procurement situation, but as a starting point, the recipient must make independent estimates before receiving bids or proposals. The cost or price analysis is based on the independent cost estimate, which is developed before a solicitation is issued. For contract modifications, the independent estimate must be prepared without knowledge of the contractor's proposed pricing. The analysis must be included in the project file.

<u>Cost Analysis</u>. Cost analysis is the review and evaluation of each element of cost to determine if the expense is reasonable and allowable. A cost analysis must be performed under the following conditions:

- When the offeror is required to submit the elements (i.e., labor hours, overhead, materials, etc.) of the estimated cost.
- When adequate price competition is lacking, including sole source procurements unless price reasonableness can be established on the basis of a catalog or market price of a commercial product sold in substantial quantities to the general public or on the basis of prices set by law or regulation.
- Adequate price competition may be determined to exist when the perception of competition exists, even if only one bid or proposal is received; conversely, the receipt of multiple bids or proposals with widely differing prices may not constitute adequate price competition.
- Profit is to be negotiated as a separate element of the price for each contract in which there is no price competition and in all cases where cost analysis is performed. To establish a fair and reasonable profit, consideration will be given to the complexity of the work to be performed, the risk borne by the contractor, the contractor's investment, the amount of subcontracting, the quality of its record of past performance, and industry profit rates in the surrounding geographical area for similar work.

- Prior to the use of a cost-type contract, Valley Transit will make a determination that the contractor's accounting system is adequate to properly segregate and bill costs, and also adequate to allocate indirect costs in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. In no event shall fixed indirect cost rates, that are not subject to audit and adjustment, be used in a cost-type contract, as such agreements constitute an unlawful cost-plus-percent-of cost method of compensation. Provisional indirect billing rates may be used by must be subject to later audit and adjustment.
- As required by 49 U.S.C. Section 5325(b)(2), the following requirements apply to a third party contract for program management, architectural engineering, construction management, feasibility studies, preliminary engineering, design, architectural, engineering, surveying, mapping or related services:
 - The third party contract or subcontract must be performed and audited in compliance with FAR Part 31 cost principles.
 - The recipient and the third party contractor, its subcontractors and subrecipients, if any, must accept FAR indirect cost rates for the one-year applicable accounting periods established by a cognizant Federal or State government agency, if those rates are not currently under dispute.
 - After a firm's indirect cost rates established as described in the above paragraph are accepted, those rates will apply for purposes of contract estimation, negotiation, administration, reporting, and payments, not limited by administrative or defacto ceilings.

<u>Price Analysis</u>. A price analysis looks at the price as a whole without examination of its various components. Acceptable methods of price analysis include the comparison of price quotations submitted, market prices and similar indicia, together with discounts. A price analysis may be used in all instances where a cost analysis is not required to determine the reasonableness of the proposed contract price.

<u>Federal Cost Principles</u>. The FTA recognizes that recipients may have difficulty obtaining information necessary to conduct a proper cost or price analysis. As applicable, Valley Transit should utilize the guidelines provided in Federal Acquisition Regulations, Part 31, to determine whether proposed costs are reasonable and allowable.

7. Contract Award

<u>Approval Authority</u>. Final authority for procurement rests with Valley Transit's Fox Cities Transit Commission and The City of Appleton Common Council (governing boards) except as delegated by the City of Appleton Mayor to the Valley Transit General Manager.

<u>General Manager Approval Threshold</u>. The General Manager is authorized to approve and enter into contracts, including contract amendments, on behalf of Valley Transit under his/her single signature authority where the expenditure is less than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000). Segmentation of contracts to avoid this threshold is not permitted.

<u>Option Contracts</u>. If the exercise of an option under an existing contract entered into by the General Manager under his/her Single Signature Authority will result in a total contract value in

excess of the Single Signature Authority threshold, approval of the governing boards is required.

<u>Contract Amendments</u>. Where an amendment to an existing contract entered into by the General Manager under his/her Single Signature Authority will result in a total contract value in excess of the Single Signature Authority threshold, approval of the governing boards is required.

<u>Governing Board Approval</u>. The governing boards are the only entity permitted to award contracts valued at fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) or more and are not for the renewal or reaward of existing, previously approved and budgeted, ongoing operational requirements.

8. Procurement Records

All negotiated contracts in excess of the micro-purchase threshold must include a provision permitting Valley Transit, the federal awarding agency, the Comptroller General of the United States, or any other duly authorized representatives, to access any books, documents, papers, and records of the contractor which are directly pertinent to a specific program for the purpose of making audits, examinations, excerpts, and transcriptions.

Valley Transit will keep and maintain, in accordance with its records retention policy, a file or record for each federally funded procurement. FTA's Master Agreement requires that during the course of the project and for three years thereafter, it will maintain intact and readily accessible all data, documents, reports, records, contracts and supporting materials relating to the project. All rolling stock records must be kept for three years after retirement of the asset. Procurement files must include the following:

- The rationale for the method of procurement.
- The basis for the contract type selected.
- The basis for contractor selection.
- The justification for lack of competition where competitive bids or offers are not obtained.
- The basis for the award cost or price.

9. Protest Procedures

<u>Applicability</u>. These protest procedures apply to all Valley Transit formal competitive procurements (RFPs, RFQs and IFBs), unless different procedures are included in the procurement documents. Procurements that intend to utilize the protest procedures set forth herein should include a reference to these procedures. As used in this section, an "interested party" is any person or entity that has timely submitted a bid or proposal in response to a formal procurement. Protests may only be filed by an interested party.

Guidelines for Protests.

• Strict compliance. Strict compliance with the protest procedures is required. No

statement by Valley Transit employees, officers, or agents will modify or otherwise alter the protest procedures. Only Valley Transit's governing boards are authorized to modify these procedures, or the protest procedures set forth in the applicable procurement documents.

- Exhaustion of Remedies Required Prior to Pursuing Protest with Federal Funding Agency or any legal action in any court or tribunal. The protest procedures are intended to constitute administrative remedies that must be exhausted prior to an interested party commencing any legal action or requesting review by any applicable federal funding agency.
- *Deadline.* Protests must be filed promptly after the basis for the protest is known, but no later than:
 - Protests relating to the procurement solicitation must be submitted in writing no later than five (5) working days from the date of the first published advertisement.
 - Protests relating to the evaluation process must be submitted in writing no later than five (5) working days from the postmarked date of written evaluation correspondence sent by the General Manager to the Provider.
 - Protest relating to the award must be submitted in writing no later than five (5) working days from the date of the award.
 - Protests relating to post-award issues must be submitted in writing no later than five (5) working days from the date that the protestor verbalizes the concern to the General Manager.
 - Requests for reconsideration (if data becomes available that was not previously known, or there has been an error of law or regulation) or appeal to a higher level must be submitted in writing no later than seven (7) working days from the date of the initial determination.
- *Contents Of Protest.* Protests must clearly identify the interested party and the procurement involved in the protest. Protests must completely and succinctly state each and every ground for protest in detail, its legal authority for each protest allegation, and the factual basis for such protest. The protest must include all factual and legal documentation in sufficient detail to establish the merits of the protest. Items that are not included in a protest shall be deemed waived and uncontested.
- *Filing Of Protest.* Protests must be delivered to the Valley Transit offices during normal business hours (but in no event later than 5:00 p.m.) on or before the applicable deadline. Protests must be directed to the attention of the General Manager of Valley Transit.

<u>Resolution</u>. Protests will be decided on the basis of written submissions and any other fact finding determined necessary or appropriate by Valley Transit. Valley Transit may establish a protest evaluation team, and may consult with its legal counsel.

General Manager Response.

Upon receipt of a written protest, the General Manager will meet with the protestor within five

(5) working days and attempt to resolve the matter informally. If information provided at the conference is to be considered in the protest decision it must be submitted in writing within three (3) days of the conference. The General Manager will respond in writing within five (5) working days of the meeting to each substantive issue raised in the written protest.

If the protestor is not satisfied and indicates an intention to appeal to the next step, the General Manager will temporarily suspend the procurement process, provided that the protest has been timely filed before award, unless it is determined that:

- The items to be procured are urgently required;
- Delivery or performance will be unduly delayed by failure to make the award promptly; or
- Failure to make prompt award will otherwise cause harm to Valley Transit.

Each prospective Provider will be advised of the pending protest if the protest is filed before award.

<u>Decision On Protest</u>. The General Manager will issue a written decision regarding the protest within thirty (30) days after the filing of the detailed statement of protest.

<u>Local Appeal Procedure</u>. If the protestor makes a timely appeal of the General Manager's decision the matter will be forwarded to the Fox Cities Transit Commission (FCTC) for their review. The protestor will be notified in writing of the date that the appeal will be heard. The recommendation of the FCTC will then be forwarded to the Appleton Common Council for ultimate local disposition of the protest.

<u>FTA Funded Procurements</u>. When the protest involves an FTA funded procurement, the contract administrator will disclose information regarding the protest to FTA, and will keep the FTA informed about the status of the protest. If the protest alleges that Valley Transit has failed to follow its written bid protest procedures, the protestor may ask that FTA review the protest in accordance with FTA C4220.1F. The protester must deliver its appeal to the FTA Regional Administrator for the region administering its project or the FTA Associate Administrator for the program office administering its project within five (5) working days of the date when the protester has received actual or constructive notice of Valley Transit's final decision. The FTA will generally limit its review of protests to those situations where a grantee, (i) does not have protest procedures, (ii) has not complied with its protest procedures, or (iii) has not reviewed a protest when given the opportunity to do so, or in cases of violations or federal law or regulation.

10. Bonding Requirements

<u>Construction</u>. Valley Transit, City of Appleton shall specify bonds in compliance with (1) FTA requirements for construction or facility improvement contracts in FTA 4110.1F, Chapter IV, 2. H., and (2) Section 770.14 of the Wisconsin Statues.

<u>Non-Construction</u>. For non-construction contracts, bonding requirements are discouraged except where applicable law or regulation provides for such bonding, or Valley Transit, City of Appleton determines that such a requirement is necessary as part of the risk management plan for a project.

11. Payment Provisions

<u>Advance Payments</u>. The use of FTA funds for payments in advance of the incurrence of costs by the contractor is generally prohibited, without prior written approval from the FTA. FTA does permit advance payments from FTA funds for those purchases where advance payment is customary in the commercial marketplace such as utility services, rents and subscriptions. FTA approval of such advance payments is required when the amount exceeds \$100,000.

<u>Progress Payments</u>. Progress payments are to be made only for costs incurred in the performance of the contract. When progress payments are used, Valley Transit must obtain title to property or other adequate security for the amount of the progress payment. Progress payments for construction contracts may be made on a percentage of completion basis.

12. Liquidated Damages

<u>Risk Management</u>. Valley Transit shall determine whether to use or not to use a liquidated damages provision for a specific procurement, as part of an overall risk management program.

<u>Calculation.</u> The amount of liquidated damages must be reasonably calculated to reflect anticipated damages Valley Transit might suffer as a result of an inadequacy or delay in contract performance, and such damages would be difficult or impossible to determine. Liquidated damages may be imposed for an entire contract or for a readily identifiable milestone or deliverable, and the measurement period may be other than a day, where appropriate. All liquidated damages recovered under an FTA funded contract will be credited to the project unless FTA agrees otherwise.

CHAPTER IV PROCUREMENT CLASSIFICATIONS

1. Micro-purchases

Micro purchases do not require multiple quotes, formal bidding procedures or non-competitive procurement findings. For federally funded procurements, the threshold for micro purchases is \$3,000, but the City of Appleton's requirements are more strict with a threshold of \$1,000. Procurements should not be split (i.e., segmented into smaller contracts to fall under the micro purchase thresholds) to avoid competition.

Micro-purchases may be made by obtaining a single proposal or quotation from a commercial vendor that makes available to the public, in significant quantities, equipment, materials or supplies. Award may be made if it is determined that the price is fair and reasonable, and that there are no significant differences in quality or price among available vendors. The determination of price reasonableness must be recorded on a checklist on the receipt. Valley Transit will distribute micro-purchases equitably among qualified suppliers.

Micro-purchases are exempt from Buy America requirements. The Davis Bacon Act (40U.S.C 3141) applies to construction micro-purchases in excess of \$2,000.

2. Small purchases \$1,000 to \$14,999

For federally funded procurements, the threshold for a small purchase is \$100,000, but the City of Appleton's requirements are more stringent. For small purchases in this range, the following requirements apply:

- \$1,000 \$4,999, Two documented verbal quotes are required
- \$5,000 14,999, Three written quotes are required

Small purchases in this range may be made by obtaining the required number of quotes. Award may be made if it is determined that the price is fair and reasonable, and that there are no significant differences in quality or price among available vendors. The determination of price reasonableness must be recorded on a checklist on the receipt.

Small purchases in this range are exempt from Buy America requirements. The Davis Bacon ACT (40U.S.C. 3141) applies to construction purchases in excess of \$2,000.

3. Purchases \$15,000 or more

When making a purchase for \$15,000 or more, a formal procurement method should be used. The following is list of general standards that every competitive solicitation should adhere to:

- The procurement should be publicized in a manner intended, at a minimum, to notify potential sources in Valley Transit's service area of the nature and type of the solicitation and the date for responses.
- Every reasonable effort should be made to encourage the maximum number of responses. Pre-qualification or other methods of restricting responses shall not be used unless required for security or public safety reasons or by law.

- The solicitation document shall contain, at a minimum, instructions on how the response is to be prepared and submitted; the deadline for submittals and other key dates in the process (such as the date and time of a pre-bid or pre-proposal conference); the basis upon which an award will be made; a statement reserving Valley Transit's needs and the technical requirements to be met by the successful offeror; a set of terms and conditions intended to be used for any resulting contract; and representations and certifications as required by law or deemed necessary by Valley Transit
- The solicitation period shall remain open for sufficient time to enable the preparation of quality submittals responsive to Valley Transit's needs. The minimum bid period for competitive procurements will normally be 30 days, except in cases of urgency a shorter time may be specified. Whenever a period shorter than 30 days is considered necessary, every effort will be made to contact prospective bidders to ensure they can submit bids or proposals in the desired response time.
- Responses to any questions from prospective sources, or any amendments to the solicitation, shall be distributed to all parties known to have received the solicitation. Should the amendment substantially change the terms of the solicitation, the period for receipt of offers shall be extended to allow offerors to change their proposals accordingly.
- New contracts or agreements for services or equipment over \$15,000 must have a recommendation by the Fox Cities Transit Commission and approval of the Common Council. New contracts or agreements are defined as those which:
 - Are for services or equipment procured on a special or one-time basis;
 - Are not for the renewal or re-award of existing, previously approved and budgeted, ongoing operational requirements; or
 - Are not defined by either of the prior statements but have an anticipated total contract cost in excess of \$100,000.

CHAPTER V FORMAL PROCUREMENT METHODS

1. <u>Competitive Sealed Bidding – Invitation for Bid (IFB)</u>

Bids can be publicly solicited through a formal Invitation for Bid (IFB) with a fixed-price contract (lump sum or unit price) being awarded to the lowest priced responsive bid from a responsible bidder. All bids are publicly opened at the time and place prescribed in the IFB and bidders are afforded a suitable opportunity to examine all bids received after they are opened. Sealed bid procurements should be used when the following circumstances are present:

- A complete, adequate, precise, and realistic specification or purchase description is available.
- Two or more responsible bidders are willing and able to compete effectively for the business.
- The procurement generally lends itself to a firm fixed price contract.
- The successful bidder can be selected on the basis of price.
- Discussions with one or more bidders after bids have been submitted are expected to be unnecessary as award of the contract will be made based on price only.

<u>Options.</u> Valley Transit may include in any procurement, an option providing Valley Transit the unilateral right to extend the term of the contract and/or to purchase additional supplies or services called for by the contract. The option quantities must be evaluated as part of the contract award. Prior to exercise of an option, Valley Transit must ensure and document in the file that the exercise of the option is in accordance with the terms set forth in the contract, and that the exercise of the option results in a procurement that is more economical and/or advantageous than otherwise available in the marketplace.

<u>Procurement Procedures</u>. The following procedures apply to sealed bid procurements:

- The invitation for bids is publicly advertised.
- Bids are solicited from an adequate number of known suppliers.
- The invitation for bids, including any specifications and pertinent attachments, describes the property or services sought in sufficient detail that a prospective bidder will be able to submit a proper bid.
- Bidders are allowed sufficient time to prepare bids before the date of bid opening.
- All bids are publicly opened at the time and place prescribed in the invitation for bids.
- A firm fixed price contract is usually awarded in writing to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder.
- Any or all bids may be rejected if there is a sound, documented business reason.

<u>Single responsive bid.</u> In the event that a single responsive bid is received from a responsible bidder, Valley Transit may negotiate with the bidder to ensure that a fair and reasonable price is obtained. If the responsive bid from the lowest responsible bidder exceeds available funds, Valley Transit may negotiate with the apparent low bidder to obtain a contract price within available funds, provided that Valley Transit has established in writing conditions and procedures for such negotiations prior to issuance of the IFB and summarized them therein. The scope cannot be modified or altered in a manner that might have attracted additional bidders if the negotiation is incorporated into the contract.

2. Competitive Negotiation – Sealed Proposals (RFP/RFQ)

A competitively negotiated procurement pursuant to issuance of a Request for Proposals (RFP) or Request for Qualifications (RFQ) may be used where a low bid competitive procurement is not appropriate or desirable for the solicitation, including, but not limited to, the procurement of professional services including architect, engineering, construction management, accounting, legal and other similar services, and the contract is anticipated to exceed the small purchase threshold. All architect and engineering (A&E) projects will follow the Brooks Act; use of RFQ procurement and price negotiation with the most qualified candidate.

Valley Transit may exercise flexibility in the formulation of the RFP/RFQ, so long as it is in compliance with the procurement specification requirements and other provisions of this manual. The RFP/RFQ should contain the scope of work and the model contract to be used with the successful offeror, or should identify key contractual components/requirements if a model contract is not available at the time of RFP/RFQ distribution.

Competitive proposals should be used when any of the following circumstances are present:

- The property or services to be acquired are described in a performance or functional specification; or if described in detailed technical specifications, other circumstances such as the need for discussions or the importance of basing contract award on factors other than price alone are present.
- Uncertainty about whether more than one bid will be submitted in response to an invitation for bids.
- Due to the nature of the procurement, contract award need not be based exclusively on price or price-related factors.
- Separate discussions with individual offeror(s) are expected to be necessary after they have submitted their proposals.

<u>Procurement Procedures</u>. The following procedures apply to procurements by competitive proposals:

- The request for proposals is publicly advertised.
- All evaluation factors and their relative importance are specified in the solicitation; but numerical or percentage ratings or weights need not be disclosed.
- Proposals are solicited from an adequate number of qualified sources.
- A specific method is established and used to conduct technical evaluations of the proposals received and to determine the most qualified offeror.
- The offerors whose proposals are found by the Valley Transit to be within the competitive range, or may be reasonably made to be within the competitive range, will be notified and any questions and/or requests for clarifications provided to them in writing. Each such offeror may be invited for a private interview(s) and discussions with the Procuring Agency to discuss answers to written or oral questions, clarifications, and any facet of its proposal.
- In the event that a proposal, which has been included in the competitive range, contains conditions, exceptions, reservations or understandings to any Contract requirements as provided in "Form for Proposal Deviation", said conditions, exceptions, reservations or understandings may be negotiated during these meetings. However, Valley Transit shall have the right to reject any and all such conditions and/or exceptions, and instruct the

offeror to amend its proposal and remove said conditions and/or exceptions; and any offeror failing to do so may cause Valley Transit to find such proposal to be outside the competitive range.

- No information, financial or otherwise, will be provided to any offeror about any of the proposals from other offerors. Offerors will not be given a specific price or specific financial requirements they must meet to gain further consideration, except that proposed prices may be considered to be too high with respect to the marketplace or unacceptable. Offerors will not be told of their rankings among the other offerors.
- Technical evaluations are completed before sealed price proposals are opened.
- The methodology for price evaluation and compilation of final scores will be defined on a procurement by procurement basis.
- Price proposal is evaluated and combined with technical evaluation for an overall score.
- An award is made to the responsible offeror whose proposal is most advantageous to Valley Transit's program with price and other factors considered.

After the issuance of the RFP/RFQ, Valley Transit contract administrators may host an informational conference or open a written question and answer period for the benefit of offerors.

<u>Evaluation</u>. The project manager will appoint at least three persons who have knowledge of the procurement's subject matter/technology to evaluate technical proposals. Technical personnel may be from other public agencies if necessary. The project manager will ensure the following:

- All Committee members will submit individual scoring sheets, along with narrative evaluations scoring mechanics will be defined for individual procurements.
- Evaluation factors that will be considered, along with the relative importance of each in the solicitation will be included in the RFP. Price will not be assigned a weight as an evaluation factor, but will be considered as a separate factor along with the weighted technical factors for award of the contract.
- The evaluation committee will review bids and offers submitted in accordance with the specified criteria and score the proposals in accordance with a pre-determined scoring method. The committee will include a narrative of the qualitative differences among the proposals listing technical strengths, weaknesses, performance risks and ambiguities.
- After the technical evaluation is complete, pricing will be compared and a final recommendation for approval will be made. When determining the recommendation, a "best value" approach will be taken by comparing the technical strengths and weaknesses with the prices offered to determine the best value. Where the procurement is for A&E services, the selection process will not involve prices.

<u>Best and Final Offers (BAFO)</u>. After all interviews have been completed, each of the offerors in the competitive range will be afforded the opportunity to amend its proposal and make its BAFO. The request for BAFOs shall include:

- Notice that discussions/negotiations are concluded.
- Notice that this is the opportunity for submission of a BAFO.
- A common date and time for submission of written BAFOs, allowing a reasonable opportunity for preparation of the written BAFOs.

- Notice that if any modification to a BAFO is submitted, it must be received by the date and time specified for the receipt of BAFOs and is subject to the late submissions, modifications, and withdrawals of proposals provisions of the Request for Proposal.
- Notice that if offerors do not submit a BAFO or a notice of withdrawal and another BAFO, their immediate previous Offer will be construed as their BAFO.
- Any modifications to the initial proposals made by an offeror in its BAFO shall be identified in its BAFO. BAFOs will be evaluated by Valley Transit according to the same requirements and criteria as the initial proposals. Valley Transit will make appropriate adjustments to the initial scores for any sub-criteria and criteria which have been affected by any proposal modifications made by the BAFOs. These final scores and rankings within each criteria will again be evaluated by Valley Transit and considered according to the relative degrees of importance as defined in the established evaluation criteria.
- Valley Transit will then choose the proposal which it finds to be most advantageous based upon the evaluation criteria. The results of the evaluations and the selection of a proposal for any award will be documented in a report.
- Valley Transit reserves the right to make an award to an offeror whose proposal it judges to be most advantageous based upon the evaluation criteria, without conducting any written or oral discussions with any offerors or solicitation of any BAFOs.

<u>Negotiation with Top Ranked Firm; Award</u>. As appropriate based on the solicitation procedures set forth in the RFP/RFQ, Valley Transit may negotiate with the top ranked firm(s) and may:

- Award a contract to the offeror whose proposal is most advantageous to Valley Transit with price and other factors considered, as determined based on the factors set forth in the RFP/RFQ.
- Award a contract on the basis of best value to Valley Transit, provided that the solicitation documents establish that award may be made on the basis of best value.
- For procurement of architectural and engineering services, which are defined to include program management, construction management, feasibility studies, preliminary engineering, design, architectural, engineering, surveying, mapping, and related services, Valley Transit will follow the Brooks Act "qualifications-based" procurement method. This method entails conducting a two-step procurement process (RFQ) that does not consider price in the initial evaluation of proposals. Valley Transit will first negotiate with the most qualified offeror. If agreement cannot be reached with the most qualified firm, Valley Transit will negotiate with the next firm(s) until agreement is reached on a fair and reasonable price.

<u>Options.</u> Valley Transit may include in any procurement, an option providing Valley Transit the unilateral right to extend the term of the contract and/or to purchase additional supplies or services called for by the contract. The option quantities must be evaluated as part of the contract award. Prior to exercise of an option, Valley Transit must ensure and document in the file that the exercise of the option is in accordance with the terms set forth in the contract, and that the exercise of the option results in a procurement that is more economical and/or advantageous than otherwise available in the marketplace.

3. Noncompetitive Proposals – Sole Source

Noncompetitive (Sole Source) procurements are accomplished through solicitation and acceptance of a proposal from only one source. A contract amendment or change order that is not within the scope of the original contract is considered a sole source procurement that must comply with this subparagraph. Guidance as to what is "within the scope" of a contract may be found in the FTA Best Practices Procurement Manual, Section 9.2.1 – Contract Scope and Cardinal Changes. "Tag-ons" are defined by the FTA as additions to the scope of work or deliverable items that were not included in the original contract competition, and which must be treated as sole source additions to the contract. Tag-ons are not to be treated as changes within the scope of the contract.

<u>Justification.</u> Contract files must contain written explanation of sole source justification. Procurement by noncompetitive proposals may be used when only one source is practicably available and the award of a contract is infeasible under small purchase procedures, sealed bids, or competitive proposals and at least one of the following circumstances applies:

- A unique or innovative concept or capability not available from another source. Unique or innovative concept means a new, novel, or changed concept, approach, or method that is the product of original thinking, the details of which are kept confidential or are patented or copyrighted and is available to Valley Transit only from one source.
- Patent or data rights restrictions preclude competition.
- When a follow-on contract for the continued development or production of highly specialized equipment and major components thereof would result in a substantial duplication of costs (such as software upgrade).
- When awarding to another contractor, a follow-on contract for continued development or production of a highly specialized equipment would result in unacceptable delays.

<u>Special provisions</u>. Sole source purchases over \$5,000 but less than \$15,000 must be approved by the City of Appleton Purchasing Manager. Any sole source purchase over \$15,000 must have a recommendation by the Fox Cities Transit Commission and approval of the Common Council.

4. Architectural and Engineering (A&E)

Valley Transit will use qualification-based competitive proposal procedures based on the Brooks Act, Chapter 11 of Title 40 of the United States Code, and 49 U.S.C. §5325(b), when contracting for A&E services. The Brooks Act requires that:

- An offeror's technical qualifications be evaluated
- Price be excluded as an evaluation factor
- A pricing proposal be requested from, and negotiations be conducted only with the most qualified offerer
- Failing agreement on price, the proposal must be rejected and negotiations conducted with the next most qualified offeror, until a contract award can be made to the most qualified offeror whose price is fair and reasonable.

The Brooks Act qualifications-based procurement method can only be used for the procurement of A&E services which are defined to include program management, construction management, feasibility studies, preliminary engineering, design, architectural, engineering, surveying, mapping, and related services, where any amount of Federal funds is utilized.

5. Joint procurement

The FTA uses the term "joint procurement" to mean a method of contracting in which two or more purchasers agree from the outset to use a single solicitation document and enter into a single contract with a vendor for delivery of property or services in a fixed quantity, even if expressed as a total minimum and total maximum.

Joint procurements are encouraged by the FTA because it offers the advantage of combining or "pooling" procurements with other agencies in order to obtain better pricing. Joint procurements are typically done with a competitive proposal written to fit the needs of all agencies participating in the procurement. Joint procurements solicitations must include total minimum and maximum quantities which are state in the solicitation and contract.

6. Assignment of Contract Rights "piggybacking"

FTA expects its recipients to limit its procurements to the amount of property and services required to meet its reasonably expected needs without adding excess capacity simply for the purpose of assigning contract rights to others at a later date. The FTA expects recipients to be able to justify the quantities it procures. Although the FTA does not encourage the practice, a recipient may find it useful to acquire contract rights through assignment ("piggyback"). If this procurement type is used, Valley Transit must determine that the original contract price remains fair and reasonable and the original contract provisions are adequate for compliance with all Federal requirements. It is Valley Transit's responsibility to ensure the existing contract contains an assignability clause and all required FTA contract clauses and certifications (Buy America, etc.) If the existing contract does not contain both an assignability clause and required contract clauses, it may not be used.

7. <u>State or Local Government purchasing schedules or purchasing contracts</u>

The FTA uses the term "state or local government purchasing schedule" to mean an arrangement that a State or local government has established with several or many vendors in which those vendors agree to provide essentially an option to the State or local government and its subordinate government entities, to acquire specific property or services in the future at established prices.

The Common Grant Rule for governmental recipients encourages recipients to enter into this type of agreement, but the FTA does not authorize grantees to consider intergovernmental purchasing schedule to be the type of State or local intergovernmental agreement to which this rule refers to. The FTA recognizes joint purchases to be the only type of intergovernmental agreement suitable for use by its grantees.

8. Design-Build Projects

A design-build project is a project under which Valley Transit would enter into a contract with a seller, firm or consortium of firms to both design and build a public transportation facility. The design-bid-build procurement method requires separate contracts for design services and for construction. Design services must use qualifications based procurement procedures and construction must use competitive procurement procedures. The construction may include sealed bidding or competitive negotiation procurement methods, as appropriate.

The design-build procurement method consists of contracting for design and construction simultaneously with contract award to a single contractor, consortium, joint venture, team, or partnership that will be responsible for both the project's design and construction.

<u>Procurement Method Determined by Value</u>. First, the various contract activities to be undertaken must be separated and classified as design or construction. Next calculate the estimated total value of each. Because both design and construction are included in a single procurement, the FTA expects the recipient to use the procurement method appropriate for the services having the greatest cost, even though other necessary services would not typically be procured by that method.

- <u>Construction Predominant</u>. The construction costs of a design-build project are usually predominant so that the recipient would be expected to use competitive negotiations or sealed bids for the entire procurement rather than the qualification-based "Brooks Act" procurement procedures. Specifically, when construction costs will be predominant, unless FTA determines otherwise in writing, an FTA recipient may not use qualifications-based procurement procedures to acquire architectural engineering, program management, construction management, feasibility studies, preliminary engineering, design, architectural and engineering, surveying, mapping, or related A&E services unless required by State law adopted before August 10, 2005.
- <u>Design Services Predominant</u>. In the less usual circumstance in which the cost of most work to be performed will consist of costs for architectural and engineering, program management, construction management, feasibility studies, preliminary engineering, design, architectural engineering, surveying, mapping, or related A&E services, FTA expects the recipient to use qualifications-based procurement procedures based on the "Brooks Act," 40 U.S.C. Sections 1101 through 1104, as described in subsection 3.e of this Chapter.

<u>Selection Processes</u>. The design-build procurement may be structured using one or more steps as described below:

- <u>One-Step Method</u>. The design-build procurement can be done in a single step.
- <u>Two-Step Method</u>. For large design-build projects a two-step selection process may be used. This method consists of:
 - The first step is a review of the prospective contractors' technical qualifications and technical approach to the project. The recipient may then narrow the competitive range to those prospective contractors with satisfactory qualifications that demonstrate a technically satisfactory approach.
 - <u>Review of Complete Proposals</u>. The second step consists of soliciting and reviewing complete proposals, including price, submitted by prospective contractors first determined to be qualified. By using this two-step method, it will not be necessary to undertake extensive proposal reviews, nor will prospective offerors need to engage in expensive proposal drafting. This two-step selection procedure is separate and distinct from prequalification and is but one procurement method available to the recipient.

Appendix

Procurement Checklist

Project	_ Project Manager	
Process/Assignment		
BEFORE THE PROCUREMENT PROCESS: Procurement Method(IFB, RFP, RFQ)		
Justification of method		
Sole Source Justification (attach extra pages – if needed)		
Determine/Write Scope of Work/Specs Project Manager-develop evaluation process* Independent Cost Estimate	Employee assigned	Target comp date
PROCUREMENT PACKAGE PREPARATION: Draft complete RFQ/RFP/IFB document** Review and include Protest Procedures/Certs Identify potential bidders/vendors (prepare list) Bid document reviewed by VT staff Bid document reviewed by Legal/COA Purchasing WisDOT review/approval if bid/RFP is funded with WisDOT FTA grant		
CONDUCTING THE PROCUREMENT: Finalize bid document Email vendors & post on web Advertisements-legal notice File notarized copy of ad from paper Conduct Demos / Pre-Bid Meeting Receive & document approved equals/requests Question/answer period Prepare Addendums & distribute to all vendors that received original bid & post on web	Employee assigned	Target comp date
 PROPOSAL REVIEW AND AWARD PROCESS: Evaluate bids - responsiveness Evaluate bids - Proof of Insurance, DBE, certs Bid bonds (construction) Review evaluation process & criteria, separating technical & price evaluations Evaluate/Score technical requirements - Team Evaluate/Score price & financial capability Receive & file pre-award audit report (buses) Negotiate lower price/better product Reference Check Offeror is not on Excluded Parties List system Price/Cost Analysis Notify Selected & Rejected Bidders/Proposers Protest period FCTC/FC/ACC approve to award contract 	Employee assigned	Target comp date

POST AWARD AND POST DELIVERY ACTIVITIES:

	Employee assigned	Target comp date
Issue Contract (PO w/certs or contract)		
Monitor & file Progress reports		
Monitor & file prevailing wage payrolls		
Project Delivery, receive packing slips		
Receive and file signed post delivery audit report		
Monitor Vehicle Title/Registration	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Payment of invoice(s)		
Request/file affidavits of completion (const)		
Payment of retainage		
Drawdown funding (WisDOT or FTA)		******

*Evaluation process must include members of technical team & technical scoring method which matches the bid document.

**Bid Document must include all boilerplate (terms & conditions, timeline and FTA certifications & assurances) and items to be evaluated in order of importance.

INDEPENDENT COST ESTIMATE

Project Manager: Project Description/Name: Delivery/Completion Date: Total Estimated Price/Cost: Date of Estimate:

Background			
Background of the project:	[Replace this text with a brief description of the project background. Identify the source of the project request.]		
Method			
	Yes	No	Comments
Published catalog or price list (attach pertinent catalog or price list pages			
Recent prices for same or similar item/service (identify contracts, purchase orders, sources and attach any pertinent documents			
In-house engineering or technical estimate			
Independent Third Party estimate (attach estimate			
Other			[Replace this text with explanation of other]

Additional Information

[Replace this text with additional information.]

PROVISIONS, CERTIFICATIONS, REPORTS, FORMS, AND OTHER-MATRICES

B. APPLICABILITY OF THIRD PARTY CONTRACT PROVISIONS

(excluding micro-purchases, except Davis-Bacon requirements apply to contracts exceeding \$2,000)

TYPE OF PROCUREMENT					
PROVISION	Professional Services/A&E	Operations/ Management	Rolling Stock Purchase	Construction	Materials & Supplies
No Federal Government Obligations to Third Parties (by Use of a Disclaimer)	All	All	All	All	All
False Statements or Claims Civil and Criminal Fraud	All	All	All	All	All
Access to Third Party Contract Records	All	All	All	All	All
Changes to Federal Requirements	All	All	All	All	All
Termination	>\$10,000 if 49 CFR Part 18 applies.	>\$10,000 if 49 CFR Part 18 applies.	>\$10,000 if 49 CFR Part 18 applies.	>\$10,000 if 49 CFR Part 18 applies.	>\$10,000 if 49 CFR Part 18 applies.
Civil Rights (Title VI, ADA, EEO except Special DOL EEO clause for construction projects)	All	All	All>\$10,000	All	All
Special DOL EEO clause for construction projects				>\$10,000	
Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (DBEs)	All	All	All	All	All
Incorporation of FTA Terms	All	All	All	All	All
Debarment and Suspension	>\$25,000	>\$25,000	>\$25,000	>\$25,000	>\$25,000
Buy America			>\$100,000 As of Feb. 2011, FTA has not adopted the FAR 2.101 \$150,000 standard.	>\$100,000 As of Feb. 2011, FTA has not adopted the FAR 2.101 \$150,000 standard.	>\$100,000 As of Feb. 2011, FTA has not adopted the FAR 2.101 \$150,000 standard.
Resolution of Disputes, Breaches, or Other Litigation	>\$100,000	>\$100,000	>\$100,000	>\$100,000	>\$100,000
Lobbying	>\$100,000	>\$100,000	>\$100,000	>\$100,000	>\$100,000
Clean Air	>\$100,000	>\$100,000	>\$100,000	>\$100,000	>\$100,000
Clean Water	>\$100,000	>\$100,000	>\$100,000	>\$100,000	>\$100,000
Cargo Preference			Transport by ocean vessel.	Transport by ocean vessel.	Transport by ocean vessel.
Fly America	Foreign air transp. /travel.	Foreign air transp. /travel.	Foreign air transp. /travel.	Foreign air transp. /travel.	Foreign air transp. /travel.

PROVISIONS, CERTIFICATIONS, REPORTS, FORMS, AND OTHER-MATRICES

B. APPLICABILITY OF THIRD PARTY CONTRACT PROVISIONS (Continued)

(excluding micro-purchases, except Davis-Bacon requirements apply to construction contracts exceeding \$2,000)

	ТҮРЕ С)F PROCUREM	TENT		
PROVISION	Professional Services/A&E	Operations/ Management	Rolling Stock Purchase	Construction	Materials & Supplies
Davis-Bacon Act				>\$2,000 (also ferries).	
Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act		>\$100,000 (transportation services excepted).	>\$100,000	>\$100,000 (also ferries).	
Copeland Anti-Kickback Act Section 1 Section 2				All > \$2,000 (also ferries).	
Bonding				\$100,000	
Veterans Employment				>\$2,000	
Seismic Safety	A&E for new buildings & additions.			New buildings & additions.	
Transit Employee Protective Arrangements		Transit operations.			
Charter Service Operations		All			
School Bus Operations		All			
Drug Use and Testing		Transit operations.			
Alcohol Misuse and Testing		Transit operations.			
Patent Rights	R & D				
Rights in Data and Copyrights	R & D				
Energy Conservation	All	All	All	All	All
Recycled Products		EPA-selected items \$10,000 or more annually.		EPA-selected items \$10,000 or more annually.	EPA-selected items \$10,000 or more annually.
Conformance with ITS National Architecture	ITS projects.	ITS projects.	ITS projects.	ITS projects.	ITS projects
ADA Access	A&E	All	All	All	All
Notification of Federal Participation for States	Limited to States.	Limited to States.	Limited to States.	Limited to States.	Limited to States.