### CITY OF APPLETON BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT

A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF APPLETON, WISCONSIN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024



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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

Board of Directors Appleton Business Improvement District City of Appleton, Wisconsin

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements *Opinion*

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Appleton Business Improvement District (the District), a component unit of the City of Appleton, Wisconsin, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District as of December 31, 2024, and the changes in financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
  in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Board of Directors Appleton Business Improvement District City of Appleton, Wisconsin

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the District's financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The schedule of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position – budget and actual is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The schedule of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position – budget and actual has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position – budget and actual is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Report on Summarized Comparative Information

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

We have previously audited the District's 2023 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of the District in our report dated June 4, 2024. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Green Bay, Wisconsin July 11, 2025

#### **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

## CITY OF APPLETON BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT APPLETON, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2024

(WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2023)

		2023		
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Investments	\$	350,903	\$	267,934
Special Assessments Receivable		110,337		128,930
Total Assets		461,240		396,864
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable		122,627		69,267
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
BID Assessments Levied for Subsequent Year		275,897		275,356
NET POSITION				
Unrestricted		62,716		52,241
Total Net Position	<u>\$</u>	62,716	\$	52,241

### CITY OF APPLETON BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT APPLETON, WISCONSIN

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

(WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023)

	2024			2023		
OPERATING REVENUES BID Assessments	\$	275,356	\$	241,512		
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Contracted Services		55,000		49,756		
Administrative:						
Telephone		2,839		2,996		
Office Supplies		226 329		447 892		
Postage Conferences/Workshops/Classes		329 264		120		
Dues, Fees, and Subscriptions		1,370		1,320		
Facility Rent		1,370		558		
Total Administrative		6,808		6,333		
		3,371				
Audit and Accounting Services  Marketing:		3,371		3,356		
Advertising		109,763		76,841		
Printing		237		1,762		
Total Marketing		110,000		78,603		
Economic Development Projects:		,		,		
Sidewalk Maintenance/Amenities		31,566		28,723		
Façade Grants		49,079		35,993		
Marketing Grants		, -		8,045		
Recruiting Grant		10,650		8,575		
Business Recruitment		10,258		2,550		
Total Economic Development Projects		101,553		83,886		
Total Operating Expenses		276,732		221,934		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(1,376)		19,578		
NONOPERATING REVENUES						
Investment Income		11,851		8,901		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		10,475		28,479		
Net Position - Beginning of Year		52,241		23,762		
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	62,716	\$	52,241		

### CITY OF APPLETON BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT APPLETON, WISCONSIN

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### (WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023)

	2024		2023		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Cash Received from District Members  Cash Paid to Suppliers  Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		294,490 (223,372) 71,118	\$	242,427 (190,052) 52,375	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Gain (Loss) in Pooled Cash	,	11,851		8,901	
CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		82,969		61,276	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		267,934		206,658	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	350,903	\$	267,934	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Change in Operating Assets and Liabilities:	\$	(1,376)	\$	19,578	
Special Assessments Receivable Accounts Payable BID Assessments Levied for Subsequent Year Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	18,593 53,360 541 71,118	\$	(32,929) 31,882 33,844 52,375	

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Appleton Business Improvement District, Appleton, Wisconsin (the District), have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below:

#### A. Reporting Entity

Wisconsin Statutes allow for the creation of Business Improvement Districts (BID). A BID is a geographic area within a municipality consisting of contiguous parcels, which are subject to assessments, where the assessment revenue must be used to benefit the BID. The purpose was to authorize cities, villages, and towns to create one or more business improvement districts to allow businesses within those districts to develop, manage, maintain, and promote their districts and to establish an assessment method to fund these activities. A BID affords property owners and business people a very real role in directing those affairs within the district, which influences their investment and environment. It also ensures that the beneficiaries of district programs participate in the funding of the programs.

The District is a legal entity separate and distinct from the City of Appleton, Wisconsin. The District is governed by a nine member appointed board and approved by the Common council. The members serve staggered, two year terms. A majority of the board members shall own or occupy real property in the District.

#### B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the District is determined by its measurement focus. The transactions of the District are accounted for using the *economic resources measurement focus*. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operations are included on the statement of net position.

The statement of net position and statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Assessments are levied upon all property within the District and are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. At year end, assessments for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The District distinguishes *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District are charges to the district members. Operating expenses for the District include salaries and wages, operation and maintenance, business development and promotions. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

#### C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position

#### 1. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are combined in the financial statements. Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions. Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

#### 2. BID Special Assessments

The primary source of revenue for the District is an assessment levied on property located within District boundaries. The BID assessments are determined in November, and included as a special charge on each property owner's tax bill within the District and become an enforceable lien on December 31. The BID assessments are due in full to the City by January 31st of the subsequent year, which the City collects and distributes to the District.

#### 3. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The recognition of those outflows and inflows as expenses or expenditures and revenues are deferred until the future periods to which the outflows and inflows are applicable.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position (Continued)

#### 4. Net Position

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets. Amount of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and capital related deferred outflows of resources less outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and any capital related deferred inflows of resources.
- Restricted Net Position. Amount of net position that is subject to restrictions that are imposed by 1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position. Net position that is neither classified as restricted nor as net investment in capital assets.

#### 5. Claims and Judgements

Claims and judgements are recorded as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.

#### D. Prior Year Information

Comparative amounts for the prior year have been presented in the financial statements to provide an understanding of changes in the District's financial position and operations. The comparative amounts may be summarized in total and not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023, from which the summarized information was derived.

#### NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE

#### A. Operating Plan

The budgetary information is derived from the District's annual operating plan budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting as described in Note 1.B. The 2024 Operating Plan, as approved by the board of directors and common council, included provisions for District assessments and related spending of \$293,617. The board of directors and management use the budget to manage the District's program activities; however, the budget does not represent a legal budget establishing specific line item expenditure limits.

#### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. Cash and Investments

The District's cash and investments total \$350,903 are commingled with the cash and investment accounts of the City of Appleton; therefore, individual bank balances of the District cannot be determined. Please refer to the City's financial statements for further information.

The City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report can be located at www.appletonwi.gov/government/departments/finance.

#### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION

#### A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. The District completes an annual review of its insurance coverage to ensure adequate coverage.

#### B. Contingencies

From time to time, the District is party to other various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecast with certainty, it is the opinion of management that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the District's financial position or results of operations.

#### **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

# CITY OF APPLETON BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT APPLETON, WISCONSIN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Original Budget	 Final Budget	Actual	Final P	ariance Budget - ositive egative)
OPERATING REVENUES					
Bid Assessments	\$ 275,355	\$ 275,355	\$ 275,356	\$	1
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Contracted Services	55,000	55,000	55,000		-
Administrative:					
Telephone	-	-	2,839		(2,839)
Office Supplies	-	-	226		(226)
Postage	-	-	329		(329)
Conferences/Workshops/Classes	-	-	264		(264)
Dues, Fees, and Subscriptions	-	-	1,370		(1,370)
Facility Rent	 		1,780		(1,780)
Total Administrative	7,017	7,017	 6,808		209
Audit and Accounting Services	3,100	3,100	3,371		(271)
Marketing:					
Advertising	110,000	110,000	109,763		237
Printing	 _	 	 237		(237)
Total Marketing	110,000	110,000	 110,000		_
Economic Development Projects:					
Sidewalk Maintenance/Amenities	43,500	43,500	31,566		11,934
Façade Grants	45,000	45,000	49,079		(4,079)
Recruiting Grant	15,000	15,000	10,650		4,350
Business Recruitment	15,000	15,000	10,258		4,742
Total Economic Development Projects	118,500	118,500	101,553		16,947
Total Operating Expenses	 293,617	293,617	276,732		16,885
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(18,262)	(18,262)	(1,376)		16,886
NONOPERATING REVENUES					
Investment Income		 -	 11,851		11,851
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(18,262)	(18,262)	10,475		28,737
Net Position - Beginning of Year	 52,241	 52,241	52,241		
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 33,979	\$ 33,979	\$ 62,716	\$	28,737

