City of Appleton Business Improvement District

A Component Unit of the City of Appleton, Wisconsin

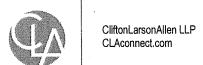
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

December 31, 2019

DECEMBER 31, 2019

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Independent auditors' report

To the Board of Directors Appleton Business Improvement District City of Appleton, Wisconsin

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Appleton Business Improvement District (the "District"), a component unit of the City of Appleton, Wisconsin, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District as of December 31, 2019, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



EMPHASIS OF MATTER

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the District and do not purport to, and do not present fairly, the financial position of the City of Appleton, Wisconsin as of December 31, 2019 and the changes in its financial position or its cash flows for the year ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

OTHER MATTERS

Prior-Year Comparative Information

We have previously audited the District's 2018 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of the District in our report dated June 18, 2019. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit for the year ended December 31, 2019 was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the District's financial statements. The schedule of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position – budget and actual for the year ended December 31, 2019 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The [schedule of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position – budget and actual has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019, and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position – budget and actual is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2019.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 16, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Green Bay, Wisconsin June 16, 2020

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2019 WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2018

	2019		2018	
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and investments	\$	162,193	\$	146,412
Special assessments		70,506		77,340
Total assets		232,699		223,752
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable		-		10,964
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unearned revenue		225,757		198,468
NET POSITION				
Unrestricted		6,942		14,320
Total net position	\$	6,942	\$	14,320

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	2019	2018	
OPERATING REVENUES BID assessments	\$ 198,468	\$ 196,751	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Contracted services	52,500	52,437	
Administrative			
Telephone	2,531	2,504	
Office supplies	442	1,048	
Postage	2,278	732	
Conferences/workshops/classes	105	-	
Dues, fees, and subscriptions	974	2,162	
Equipment	125_	16,460	
Total administrative	6,455	22,906	
Audit and accounting services	2,782	2,283	
Marketing	•		
Advertising	72,444	69,178	
Printing	•	1,432	
Total marketing	72,444	70,610	
Economic development projects			
Sidewalk maintenance/amenities	18,806	_	
Façade grants	30,911	25,000	
Marketing grants	9,667	5,240	
Recruiting grant	7,500	11,018	
Business recruitment	8,054	5,345	
Total economic development projects	74,938	46,603	
Total operating expenses	209,119	194,839	
Operating income (loss)	(10,651)	1,912	
NONOPERATING REVENUES			
Investment income	3,273	1,761	
Change in net position	(7,378)	3,673	
Net position - January 1	14,320	10,647	
Net position - December 31	\$ 6,942	\$ 14,320	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019
WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	2019		2018	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from District members Cash paid to suppliers Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	232,591 (220,083) 12,508	\$	182,233 (212,416) (30,183)
Hot oddii provided (deed) by operating detrines		12,000		(33)1337
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received		3,273		1,761
Change in cash and cash equivalents		15,781		(28,422)
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1		146,412		174,834
Cash and cash equivalents - December 31	_\$	162,193	\$	146,412
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Chapter in operating agents and liabilities	\$	(10,651)	\$	1,912
Change in operating assets and liabilities Accounts receivables Accounts payable Unearned revenue Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	6,834 (10,964) 27,289 12,508	\$	(16,235) (17,577) 1,717 (30,183)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Appleton Business Improvement District, Appleton, Wisconsin (the "District"), have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below:

A. REPORTING ENTITY

Wisconsin Statutes allow for the creation of Business Improvement Districts (BID). A BID is a geographic area within a municipality consisting of contiguous parcels, which are subject to assessments, where the assessment revenue must be used to benefit the BID. The purpose was to authorize cities, villages, and towns to create one or more business improvement districts to allow businesses within those districts to develop, manage, maintain, and promote their districts and to establish an assessment method to fund these activities. A BID affords property owners and business people a very real role in directing those affairs within the district, which influences their investment and environment. It also ensures that the beneficiaries of district programs participate in the funding of the programs.

The District is a legal entity separate and distinct from the City of Appleton, Wisconsin. The District is governed by a nine member appointed board and approved by the Common council. The members serve staggered, two year terms. A majority of the board members shall own or occupy real property in the District.

B. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the District is determined by its measurement focus. The transactions of the District are accounted for using the *economic resources measurement focus*. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operations are included on the statement of net position.

The statement of net position and statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Assessments are levied upon all property within the District and are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. At year end, assessments for the following year are recorded as receivables and unearned revenue. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

The District distinguishes *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District are charges to the district members. Operating expenses for the District include salaries and wages, operation and maintenance, business development and promotions. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

C. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION

1. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are combined in the financial statements. Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions and are carried at cost. Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

2. BID Special Assessments

The primary source of revenue for the District is an assessment levied on property located within District boundaries. The BID assessments are determined in November, and included as a special charge on each property owner's tax bill within the District and become an enforceable lien on January 1. The BID assessments are due in full to the City by January 31st of the subsequent year, who collects and distributes to the District.

3. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The recognition of those outflows and inflows as expenses or expenditures and revenues are deferred until the future periods to which the outflows and inflows are applicable.

4. Net Position

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- ▶ Net investment in capital assets. Amount of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and capital related deferred outflows of resources less outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and any capital related deferred inflows of resources.
- Restricted net position. Amount of net position that is subject to restrictions that are imposed by 1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- ▶ Unrestricted net position. Net position that is neither classified as restricted nor as net investment in capital assets.

5. Claims and Judgements

Claims and judgements are recorded as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.

D. PRIOR YEAR INFORMATION

Comparative amounts for the prior year have been presented in the financial statements to provide an understanding of changes in the District's financial position and operations. The comparative amounts may be summarized in total and not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018, from which the summarized information was derived.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE

A. OPERATING PLAN

The budgetary information is derived from the District's annual operating plan budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting as described in Note 1.B. The 2019 Operating Plan, as approved by the Board of Directors and Common council, included provisions for District assessments and related spending of \$198,468. The board of directors and management use the budget to manage the District's program activities; however, the budget does not represent a legal budget establishing specific line item expenditure limits.

NOTE 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District's cash and investments total \$162,193 are commingled with the cash and investment accounts of the City of Appleton; therefore, individual bank balances of the District cannot be determined. Please refer to the City's financial statements for further information.

The City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report can be located at www.appleton.org/government/finance.

NOTE 4: OTHER INFORMATION

A. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. The District completes an annual review of its insurance coverage to ensure adequate coverage.

B. CONTINGENCIES

From time to time, the District is party to other various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecast with certainty, it is the opinion of management that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the District's financial position or results of operations.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Original and Final Budget		Actual	
OPERATING REVENUES BID assessments	\$	210,879	\$	198,468
OPERATING EXPENSES Contracted services		52,500		52,500
Administrative Telephone Office supplies Postage Conferences/workshops/classes				2,531 442 2,278 105
Dues, fees, and subscriptions Equipment Total administrative		6,479		974 125 6,455
Audit and accounting services		2,500		2,782
Marketing Advertising		69,400		72,444
Economic development projects Sidewalk maintenance/amenities Façade grants Marketing grants Recruiting grant Business recruitment Total economic development projects		20,000 32,000 10,000 8,000 10,000 80,000	-	18,806 30,911 9,667 7,500 8,054 74,938
Total operating expenses		210,879		209,119
Operating loss				(10,651)
NONOPERATING REVENUES Investment income				3,273
Change in net position		-		(7,378)
Net position - January 1		14,320		14,320
Net position - December 31	\$	14,320	\$	6,942