

Updated City-Wide Stormwater Management Plan

Utilities Committee

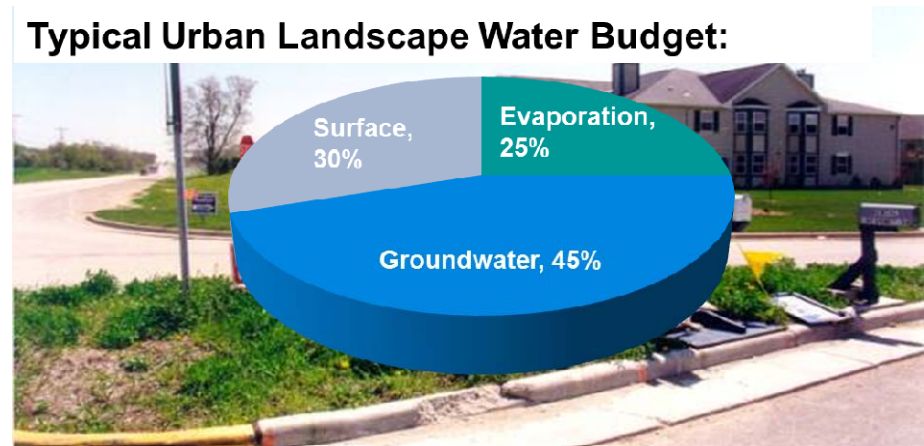
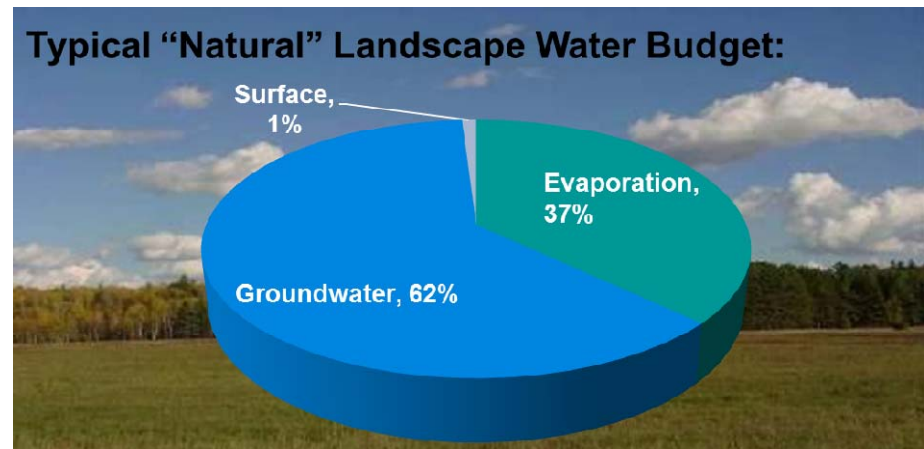
City of Appleton
June 10, 2014



Urban Development Impacts Stormwater Quantity and Quality

Urbanization Can Cause:

- More Runoff (flooding)
- Dirtier Runoff (pollution)



Stormwater Runoff Quality in turn Impacts Receiving Waters



With each rain event, runoff water flows over the land, into storm sewers, and into rivers & lakes



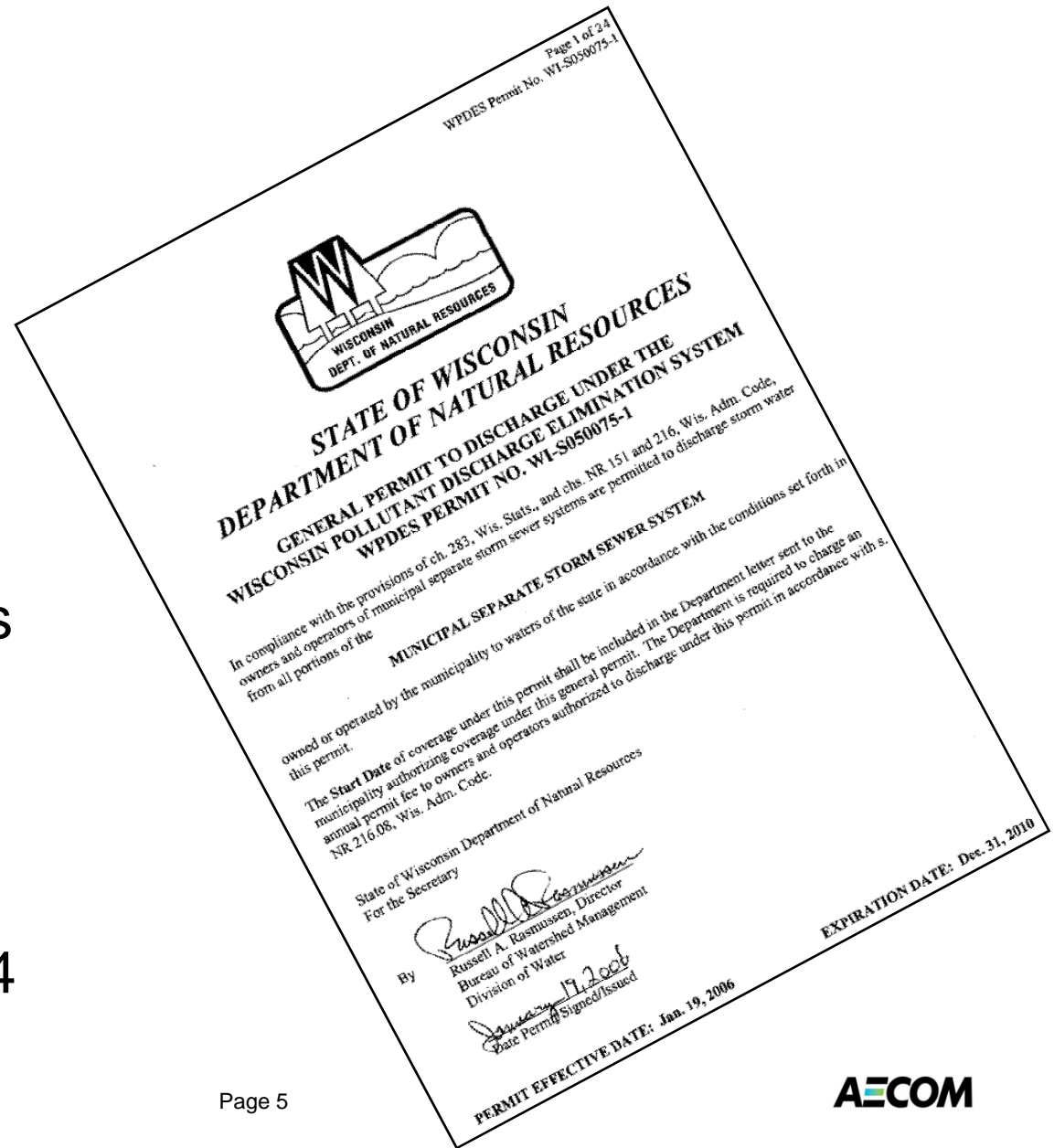
Stormwater Pollution from Urban Sources – Not All the Same

Urban Source Area	Pollutant Type / General Severity		
	TSS	Nutrients	Heavy Metals
Streets <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Residential • Commercial • Industrial 	High High High	High High High	Medium High High
Roof <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Residential • Commercial • Industrial 	Very Low Medium Medium	Low Medium Low	Low - Medium Medium High
Sidewalk	Low	Medium	Medium
Lawn	Very Low	Low	Very Low
Parking Lots	High	Medium	High



Federal Regulations Delegated to States – Wisconsin DNR

- WDNR Established Stormwater Permit System
- Permit Requirements Defined in Administrative Rules (NR 216 & NR 151)
- Appleton Permit Issued in Dec. 2006
- Re-issued May 2014



Municipal Stormwater Permit Requirements in Wisconsin

1. Public Education and Outreach
2. Public Involvement and Participation
3. Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination
4. Construction Erosion Control Ordinance
5. Post-Construction Stormwater Ordinance
6. Pollution Prevention
7. ***Stormwater Quality Management***



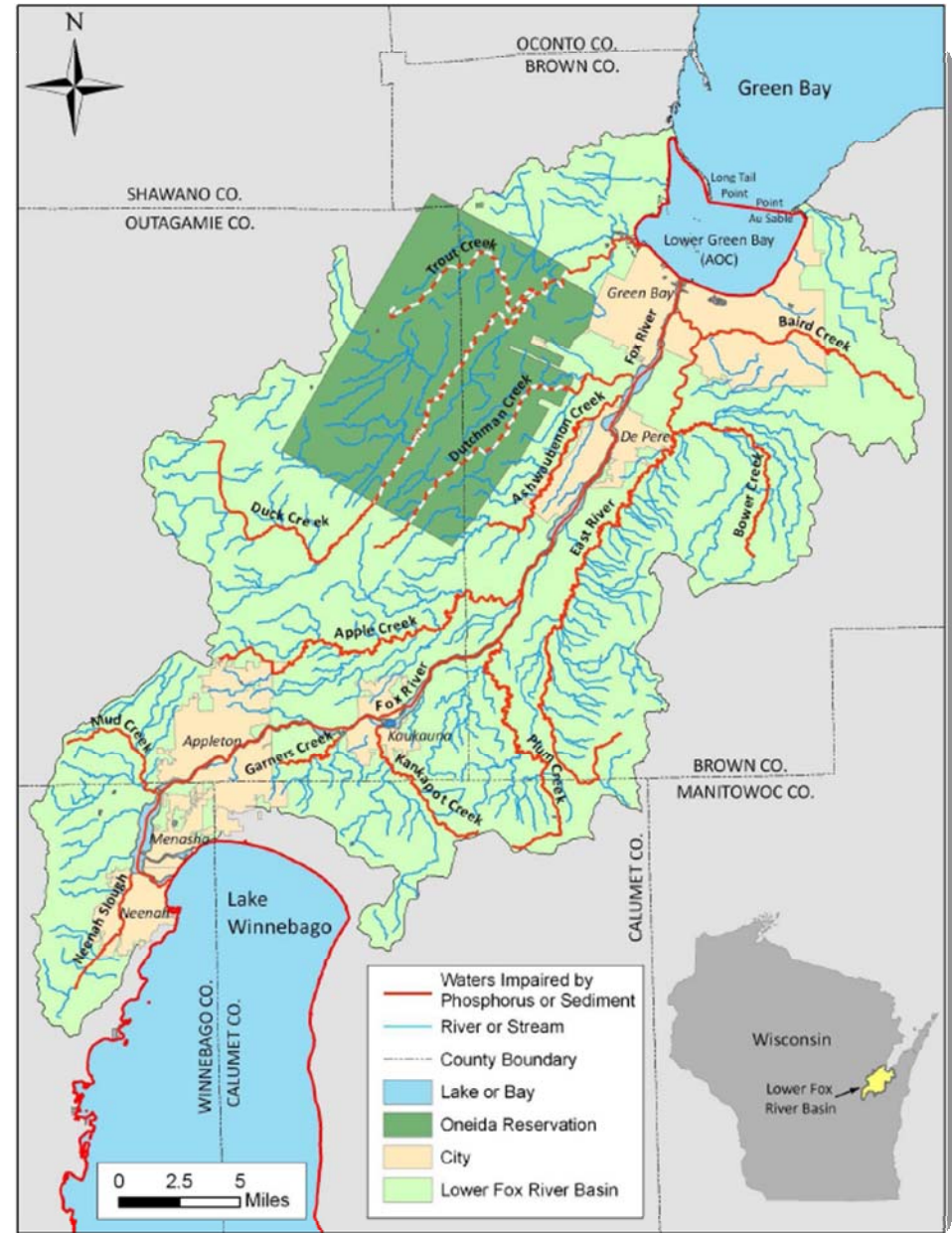
New Stormwater Requirements: “TMDL”

- Clean Water Goal is “Fishable and Swimmable”
- The EPA and DNR have defined “clean water” with chemical and biological numeric standards for each waterbody
- **Total Maximum Daily Loads:**
“The amount of pollution a water body can receive and still meet water quality standards”
- The Lower Fox River now has TMDLs for sediment and phosphorus

Lower Fox River TMDL

Lower Fox River Basin

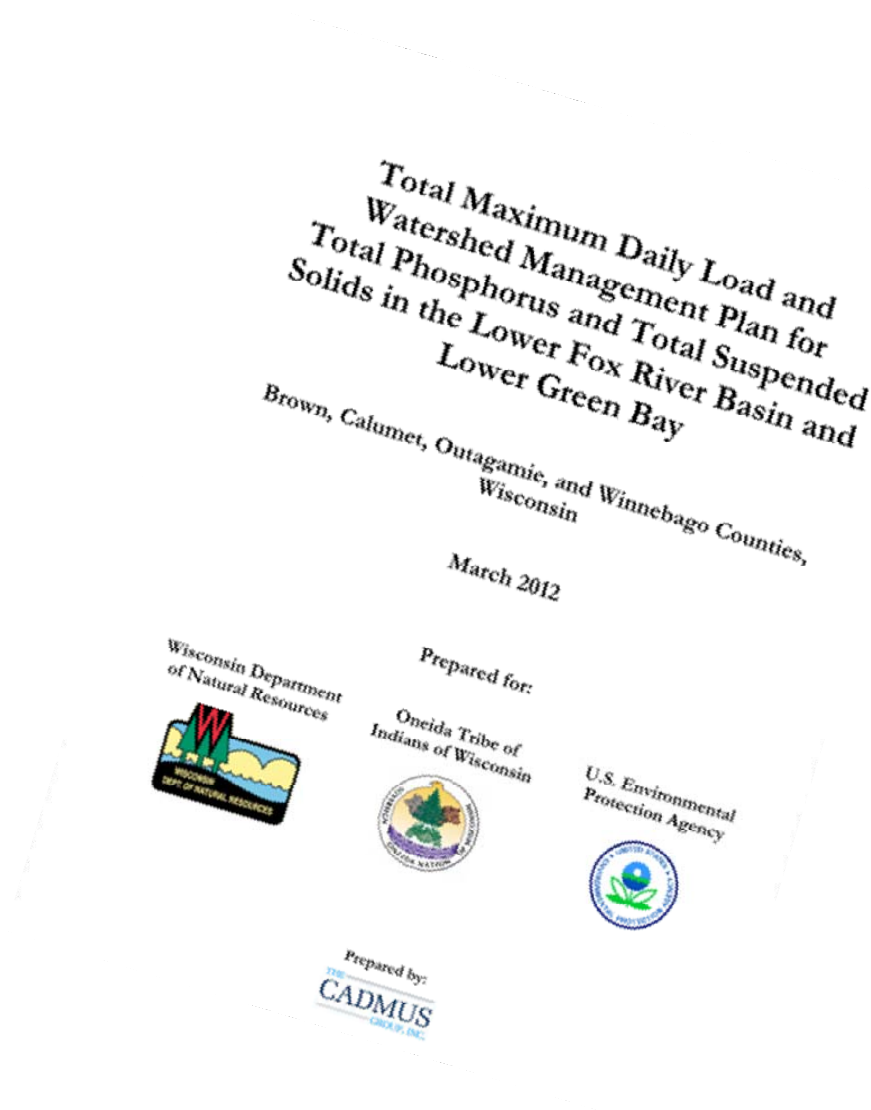
- 641 square miles
- 27 listed waters for Sediment and Phosphorus
- 45 TMDLs
- 29 Municipal Stormwater Permits
- 34 Wastewater Permits
 - 20 industrial
 - 14 municipal
- 15 Large Livestock Operations



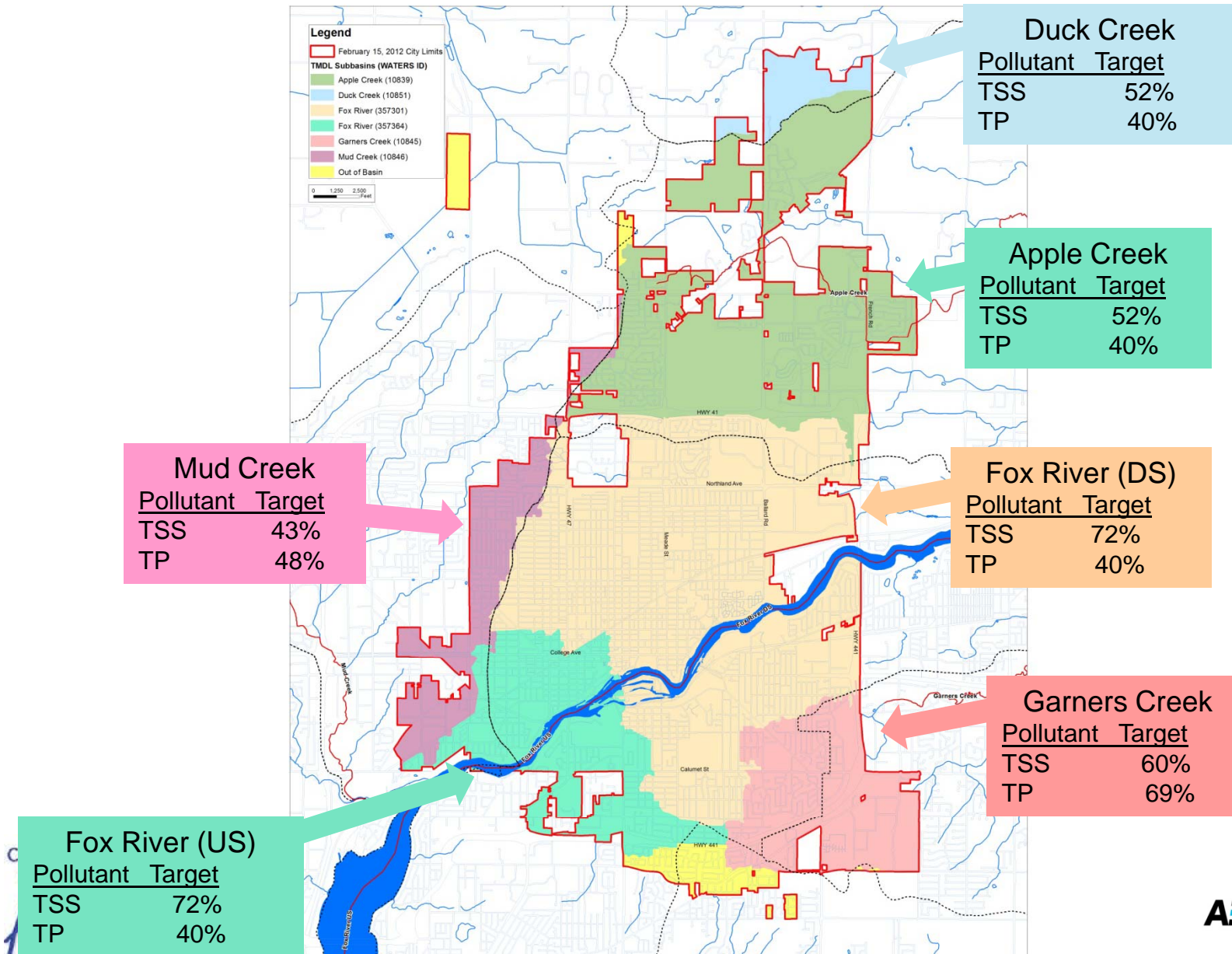
Lower Fox River Basin TMDL

Completed by DNR and
Approved by EPA in
March 2012

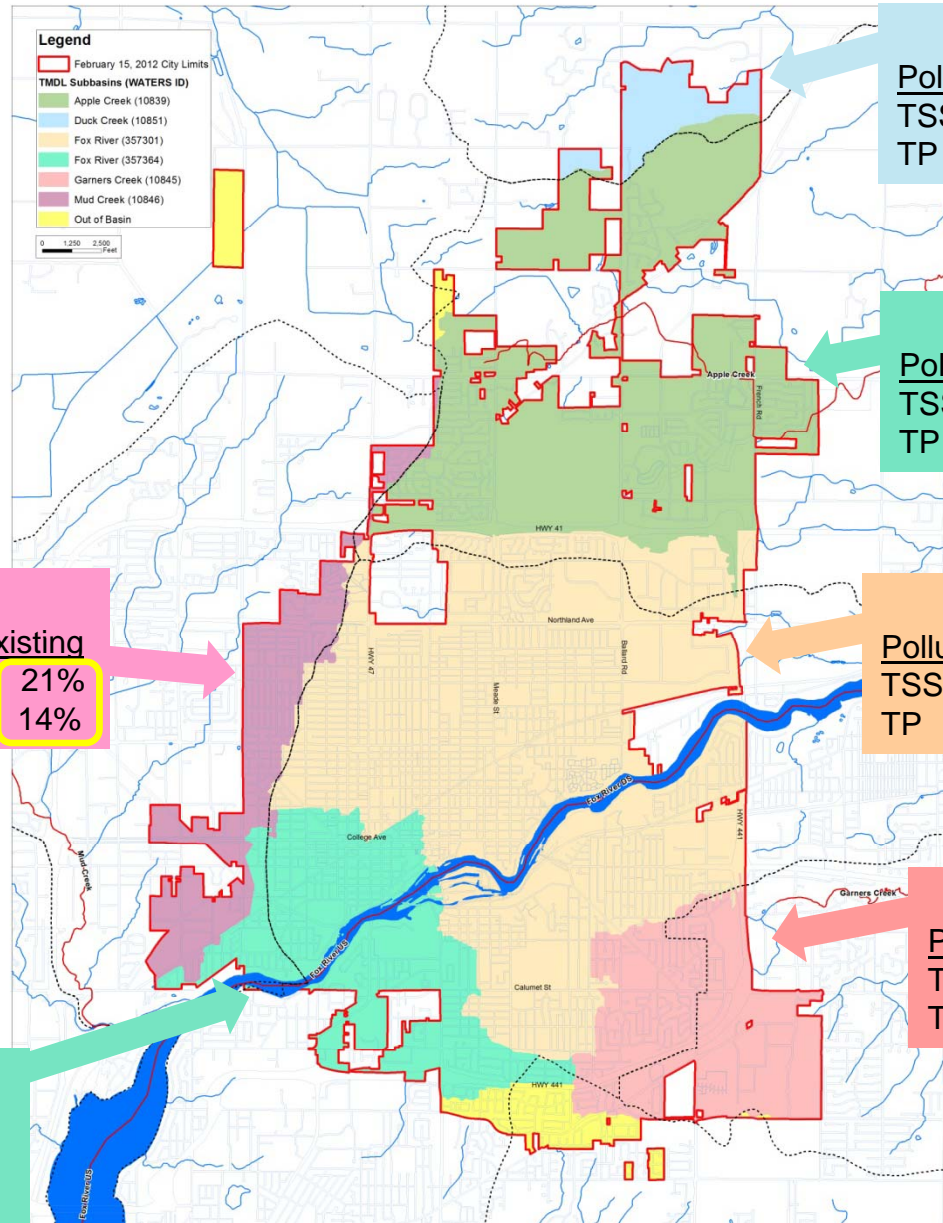
TMDL sets “acceptable
pollution loads” for each
watershed



TMDL Pollution: Reduction Targets



TMDL Pollution: Existing Pollution Control



Duck Creek

Pollutant	Target	Existing
TSS	52%	69%
TP	40%	44%

Apple Creek

Pollutant	Target	Existing
TSS	52%	80%
TP	40%	60%

Mud Creek

Pollutant	Target	Existing
TSS	43%	21%
TP	48%	14%

Fox River (DS)

Pollutant	Target	Existing
TSS	72%	28%
TP	40%	20%

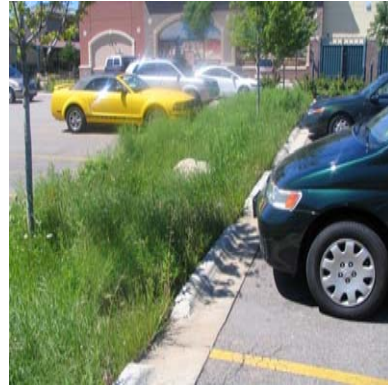
Garners Creek

Pollutant	Target	Existing
TSS	60%	78%
TP	69%	58%

Fox River (US)

Pollutant	Target	Existing
TSS	72%	18%
TP	40%	11%

Stormwater Pollution Control “Tool Box”



Approval

Cost Analysis

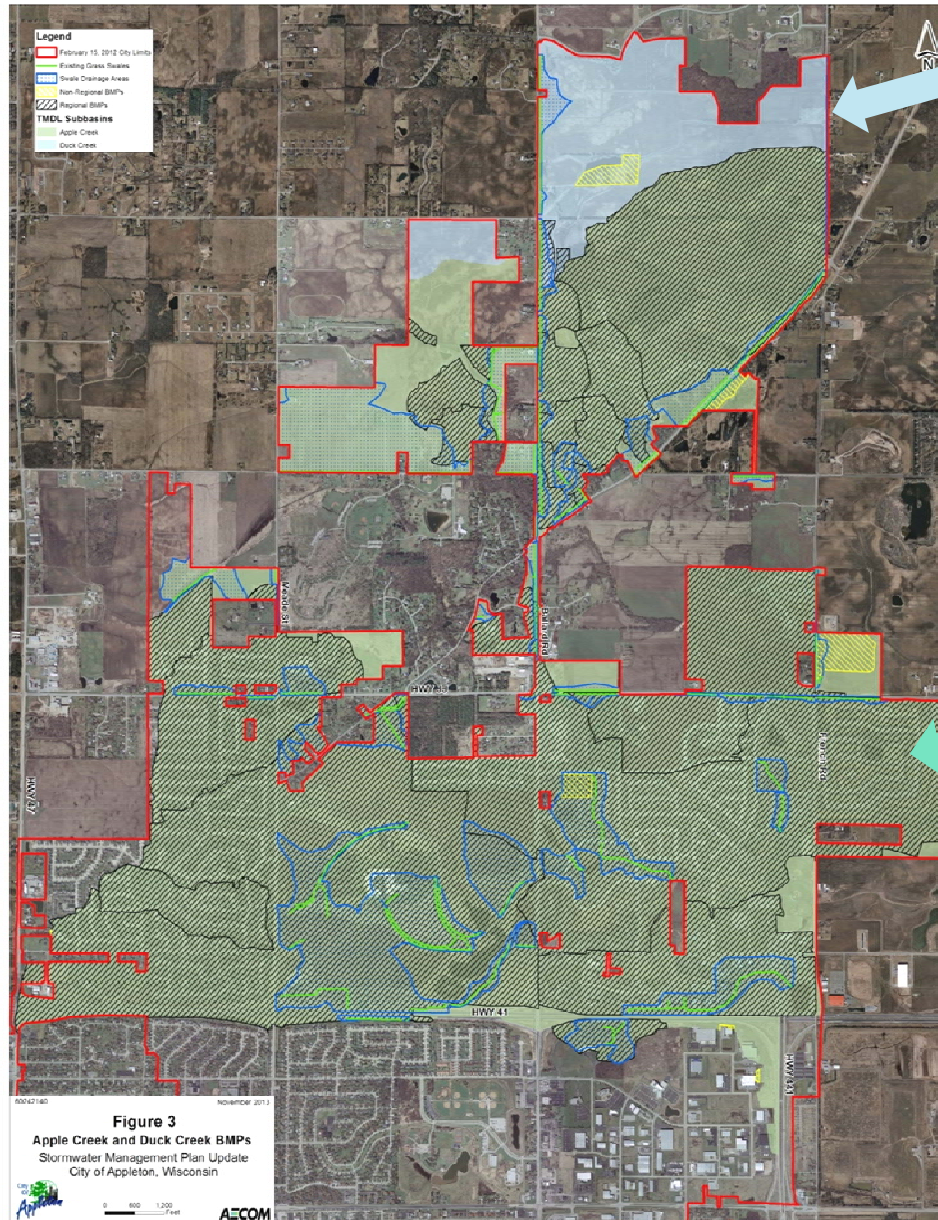
BMP	Annual Cost (per Ton of TSS Removed)	Annual Cost (per lb of TP Removed)
Street Cleaning	\$1,000 - \$1,500	\$400 - \$500
Regional Stormwater Pond	\$2,000 - \$7,000	\$400 - \$1,300
HSD (in Conjunction with Street Reconstruction)	\$2,000 - \$54,000 (avg. \$10,000)	\$400 - \$4,200 (avg. \$1,500)
HSD (as Separate Project)	\$3,000 - \$87,000 (avg. \$18,000)	\$700 - \$8,200 (avg. \$2,600)
Pond Retrofit – Enhanced Chemical Treatment	\$5,000 - \$110,000 (avg. \$18,000)	\$300 - \$7,200 (avg. \$1,200)
Biofilter	\$29,000- \$50,000	\$12,000- \$45,000
Permeable Pavement	\$33,000 - \$58,000	\$15,000 - \$55,000



Duck Creek and Apple Creek – In Compliance

Requires

- No New City Funded BMPs
- Maintenance of Existing Public/Private BMPs
- BMP Implementation for Future Development



Duck Creek

Pollutant	Target	Existing
TSS	52%	69%
TP	40%	44%

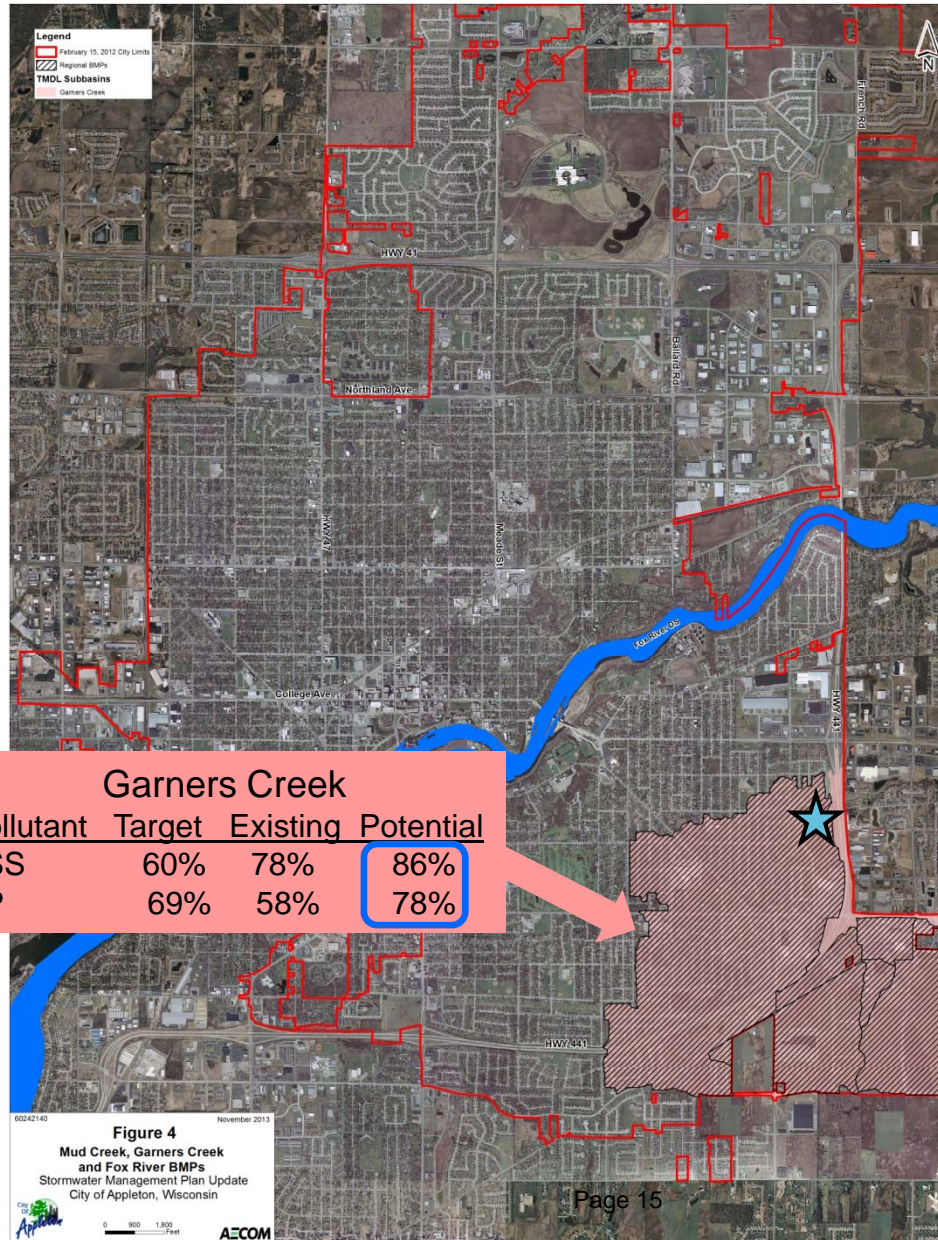
Apple Creek

Pollutant	Target	Existing
TSS	52%	80%
TP	40%	60%

Garners Creek Alternative BMPs

**Requires
Additional TP
Control**

- Practices Evaluated
- Enhanced Settling for Phosphorus Removal (Kensington Pond only)

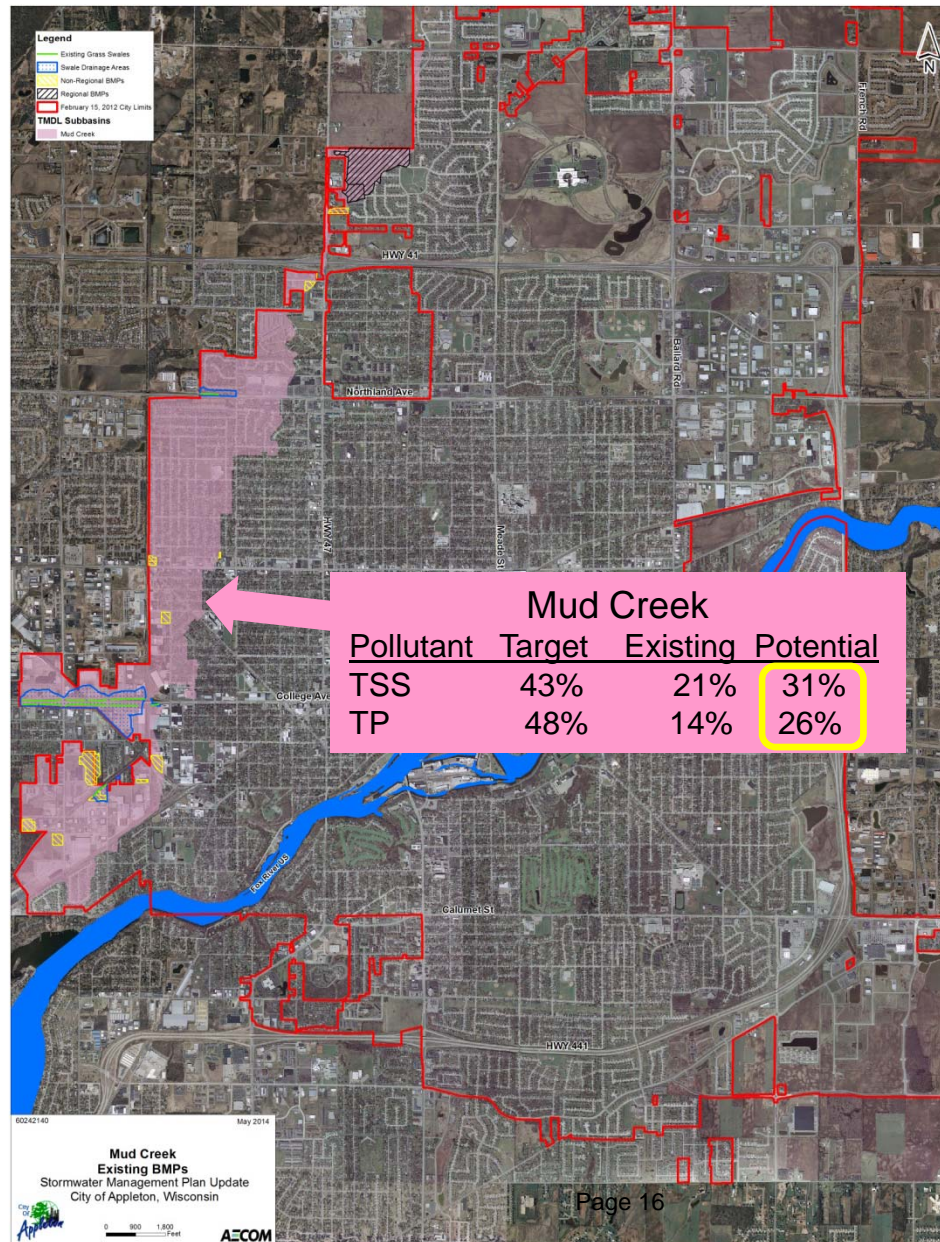


BMP	TSS (tons/yr)	TP (lbs/yr)	Capital
1	11	190	\$ 945,000



Mud Creek Alternative BMPs

**Requires
Additional TSS
and TP Control**



Practices Evaluated

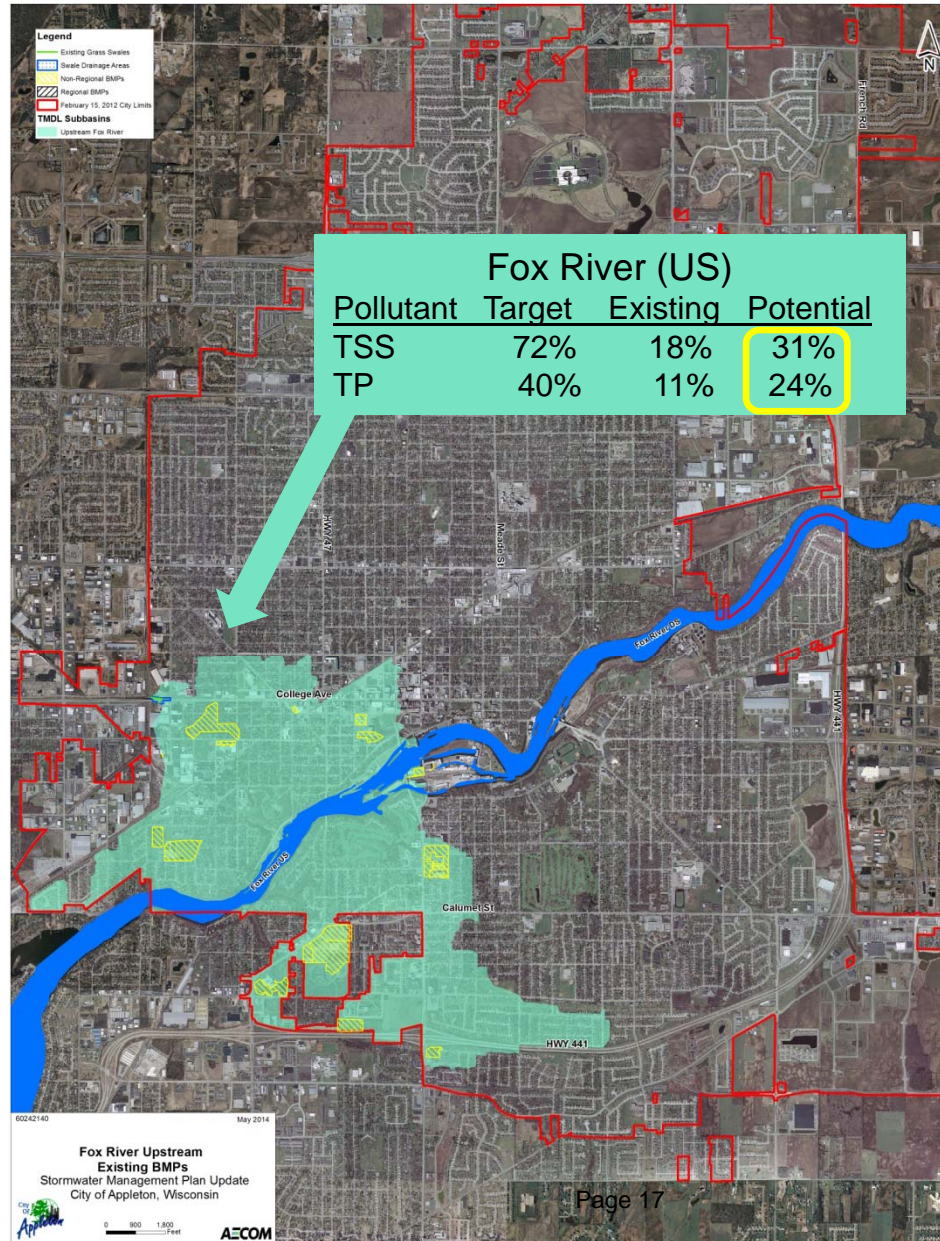
1. Expanded Street Cleaning
2. Wet Detention (Northland Avenue)
3. Enhanced Settling (Northland Avenue, Mud Creek South)
4. HSDs (7)
5. Biofiltration / Porous Pavement

BMP	TSS (tons/yr)	TP (lbs/yr)	Capital
1	23	87	\$ 40,000
2	10	51	\$ 1,980,000
3	1	24	\$ 120,000
4	1	2	\$ 90,000
5	40	55	\$22,000,000
	75	219	\$24,230,000



Lower Fox River (Upstream of Dam) Alternative BMPs

**Requires
Additional TSS
and TP Control**



Practices Evaluated

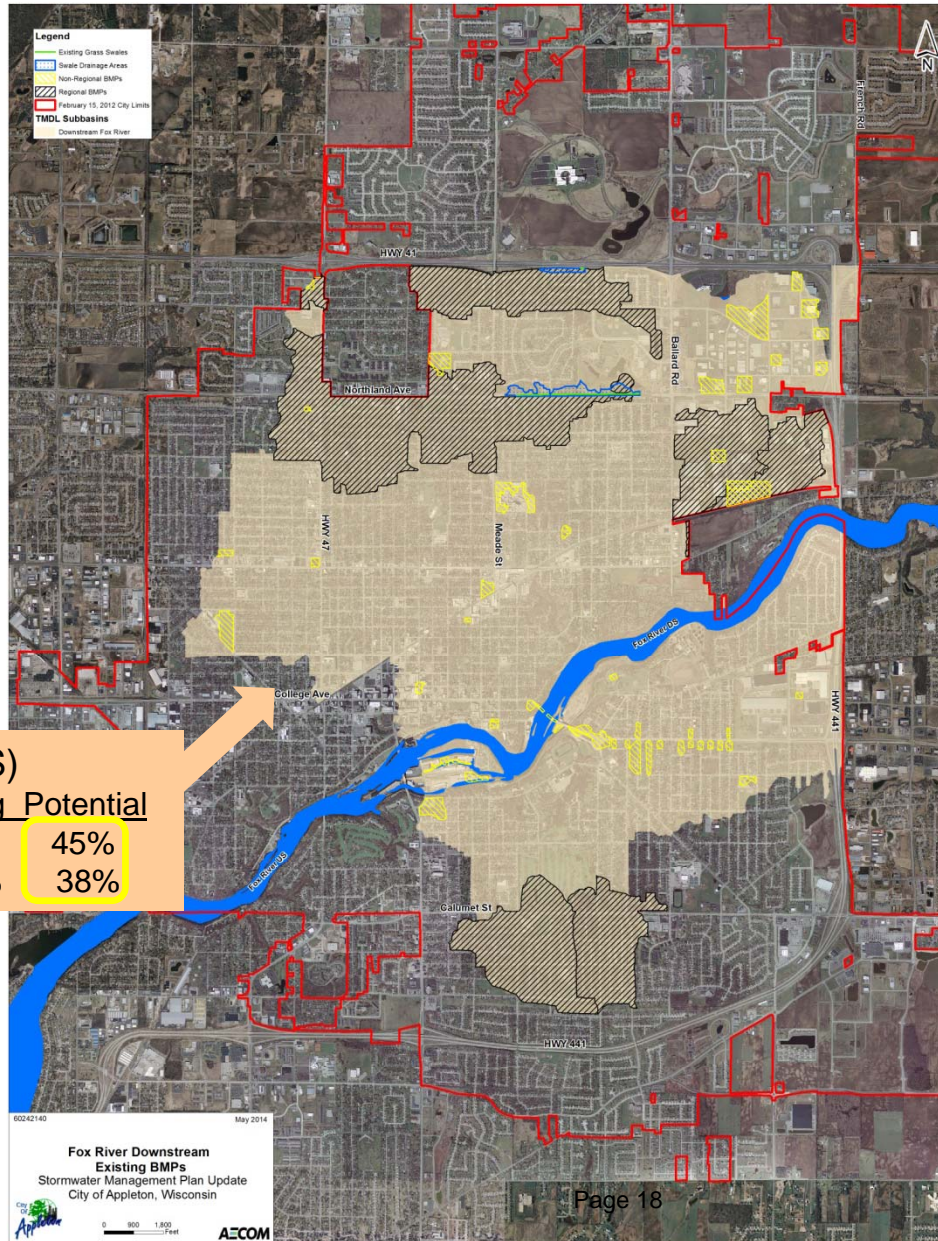
1. Expanded Street Cleaning
2. Wet Detention (Pierce Park, Valley Road)
3. Enhanced Settling (Pierce Park, Valley Road)
4. HSDs (34)
5. Biofiltration / Porous Pavement

BMP	TSS (tons/yr)	TP (lbs/yr)	Capital
1	32	131	\$ 80,000
2	24	119	\$ 1,820,000
3	4	53	\$ 270,000
4	2	13	\$ 350,000
5	33	53	\$20,560,000
95	369	\$23,080,000	



Lower Fox River (Downstream of Dam) Alternative BMPs

**Requires
Additional TSS
and TP Control**



Fox River (DS)			
Pollutant	Target	Existing	Potential
TSS	72%	28%	45%
TP	40%	20%	38%

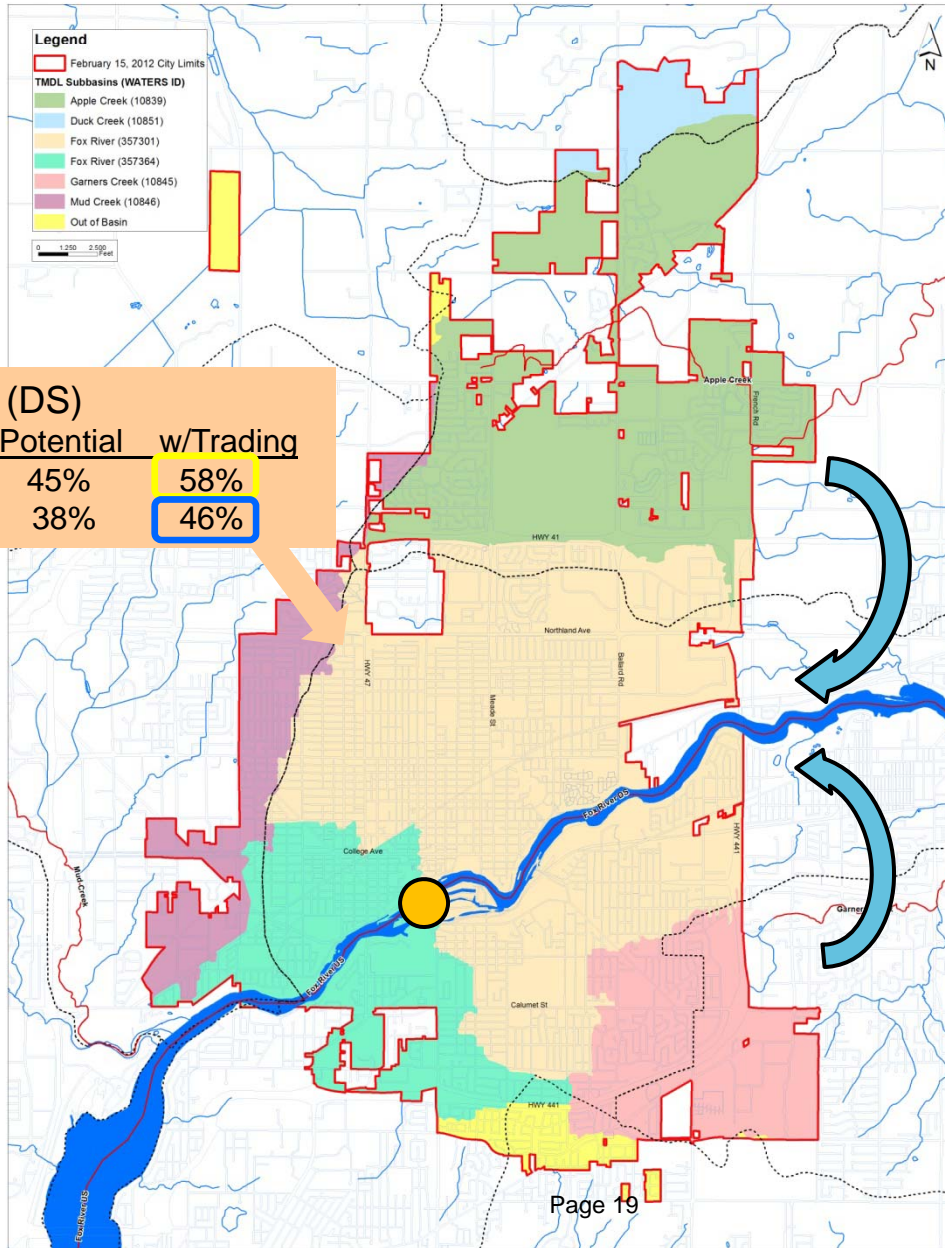
Practices Evaluated

1. Expanded Street Cleaning
2. Wet Detention (Leona Street)
3. Enhanced Settling (Leona Street and All 10 Existing Ponds)
4. HSDs (62)
5. Biofiltration / Porous Pavement
6. Bellaire Ravine Porous Pavement

BMP	TSS (tons/yr)	TP (lbs/yr)	Capital
1	85	346	\$ 200,000
2	17	80	\$ 1,420,000
3	23	324	\$ 1,620,000
4	5	31	\$ 670,000
5	79	125	\$45,860,000
6	80	405	\$46,000,000
Total	289	1,311	\$95,770,000



Compliance Point Internal Trading



Fox River (DS)				
Pollutant	Target	Existing	Potential	w/Trading
TSS	72%	28%	45%	58%
TP	40%	20%	38%	46%

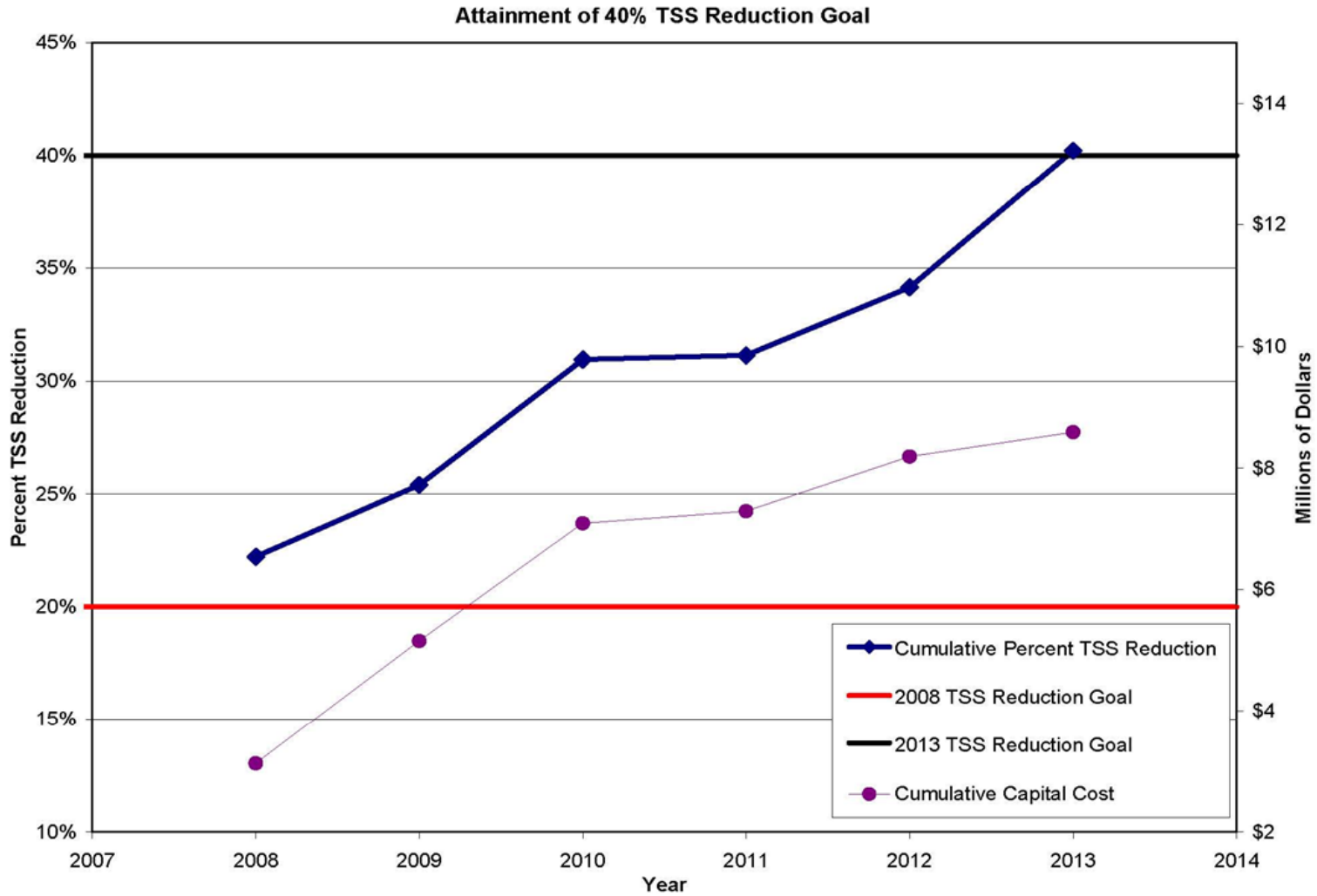
Apple Creek and Garners Creek Excess TSS and TP can be Applied to the Lower Fox River Downstream of the Middle Dam Compliance Point

Apple Creek	
Pollutant	"Excess"
TSS	68 tons/yr
TP	325 lbs/yr

Garners Creek	
Pollutant	"Excess"
TSS	38 tons/yr
TP	89 lbs/yr



Pre-TMDL Approach To Permit Compliance



TMDL Approach to Continued Compliance

- Benchmarking (Identify interim permit targets)
- Strategic Continual Progress

Implementation Plan Considerations

- Economics
- Utility Rate
- Private Property
- Regulatory
- Technology
- Public Acceptance/Perception
- Flood Control



Appleton's Proposed Strategy

Each Year

- Continue to implement the other items in the Permit
- Continue to operate and maintain existing practices
- Monitor studies, technology and regulations
- Watch for and act on opportunities



Appleton's Implementation Plan

- 2014
 - Preliminary Engineering of Northland Pond
 - Evaluate Stormwater Utility Credit Policy
 - Preliminary Engineering of Leona Street Pond, including evaluation of enhanced Phosphorus treatment
 - Purchase Land for Northland Pond
 - Continue discussion with WDOT re: 441 project
 - Start on requirements of new Permit
- 2015
 - Final design/permitting of Northland Pond
 - Work with Counties to clarify credit
 - Evaluate potential Mud Creek project
 - Relocate public storm sewer at WWTP to address Illicit Discharge



Appleton's Implementation Plan

- 2016
 - Solicit bids for Northland Pond
 - Work with WDOT to clarify credit
- 2017
 - Construct Northland Pond
 - Evaluate possibility of adding private street sweeping contract to supplement City staff
 - Final Design and Purchase Land for Leona Street Pond
- 2018
 - Construct Leona Street Pond
 - Possibly construct pond with WDOT 441 Project



Appleton's Implementation Plan

- 2019
 - Budget for next City-wide plan update
 - Issue RFP for consultant selection
- 2020-2021
 - High Efficiency Street Sweeper Upgrade
 - Update the City-wide Stormwater Management Plan





Questions and Discussion

Committee

Thank You!

