

Department of Utilities Wastewater Treatment Plant 2006 East Newberry Street Appleton, Wisconsin 54915 – 2758 920 – 832 – 5945 tel. 920 – 832 – 5949 fax

To: Chairperson Martin and Members of the Utilities Committee

From: Director of Utilities Chris Shaw

Deputy Director of Utilities Chris Stempa

Enterprise Fund Accounting Manager Kelli Rindt

Date: February 6, 2015

RE: Approval of a 10% Rate Increase for Receiving Station Waste Haulers

effective July 1, 2015

BACKGROUND:

The Wastewater Facility "Receiving Station" is an environmentally managed disposal site for hauled wastes generated outside of the City of Appleton's municipal boundaries. The Receiving Station Program was approved by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (WDNR) in 1999 with the understanding that the wastes accepted would not have adverse effects on the Wastewater Treatment Plant's operation nor introduce any harmful pollutants that could pass-through to the Fox River. This program relies on utilizing excess treatment capacity by introducing wastes directly into the 4.4 million gallon anaerobic digesters.

The Receiving Station site opened in late summer 1999. At that time the decision was made to solicit wastes from the dairy industry. Since that time, other wastes have been accepted and are from the food industry, landfill leachate, and other wastewater treatment plants. The program currently includes 41 approved wastes that are transported by 11 permitted waste haulers. Twelve of these authorized wastes are discharged in significant quantities or on a regular basis.

On January 1, 2010 the rate structure was changed from a single rate to a five-tier system based on the characteristics of the waste. TSS is a parameter tested for and is believed to be the most representative indicator of treatment costs incurred by the AWWTP. The range in TSS concentrations generalizes other important treatment characteristics of authorized hauled wastes. These characteristics include biological oxygen demand (BOD), nitrogen, and phosphorus. Each of these parameters has a specific treatment cost associated with them.

Since 1999 there have been two other rate increases for the permitted haulers. Table 1 on the following page summarizes rate increases since 1999. Table 2 depicts receiving station revenue generated annually since 2009.

Table 1:	Receiving	Station	Rate	Increases
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Year	Increase	Cost/Ton
1999	Starting Rate	\$4.80
2003	3.00%	\$4.94
2006	5.25%	\$5.20
2010	Began Tier Fee Structure	Variable

Table 2: Receiving Station Revenue

Year	Revenue
2009	\$498,089
2010	\$643,217
2011	\$591,805
2012	\$666,890
2013	\$643,934
2014	\$1,050,250

BASIS FOR PROPSED RATE INCREASE:

The majority of the Receiving Station wastes enter the facility's anaerobic digesters. This is a biological treatment process, however, to sustain treatment there are direct costs from electrical, natural gas, and chemical usage. In addition to the aforesaid treatment costs, the majority of the wastes are generated from food based industries that are high in salts (i.e. chlorides). Therefore, tanks, piping, pumps, and even concrete structures are subject to accelerated degradation and corrosion. A number of maintenance projects have been completed in the last few years to remedy salt induced corrosion. These include \$50,000 to recoat the carbon steel walls and refurbish the concrete floor of the primary receiving tank, \$32,000 to replace receiving station waste conveyance pipe (upgraded to 316L stainless steel), and \$65,000 to replace the carbon steel sludge blending tank with a concrete epoxy lined tank.

Additionally, the dewatered end product, biosolids, must be transported for land spreading to an approved agricultural site. The hauling and application of biosolids tends to be the greatest cost variable for biosolids. Over the past five years there has been an 8.5% increase in rates and fuel surcharge additions for biosolids land application. Electrical rates have also increased 6% over the past five years as well as the loss of the Point Beach electrical credit.

A review Consumer Price Index (CPI) shows an increase of approximately 10% since the last rate increase in 2010. The rate increase being proposed based on the CPI helps ensure that the Utility is covering treatment, maintenance, replacement, and operational related expenses.

RECOMMENDATION:

Therefore, we are requesting approval of a rate increase for Receiving Station Waste Haulers of 10% (see Table 3) effective July 1, 2015. The rate increase is estimated to provide approximately \$65,000 of additional revenue to the Wastewater Utility on an annual basis. This rate change does not require authorization outside of the City of Appleton.

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Table 3: Tier Rate Structure

Tier	Current Rate	Proposed Rate
1	\$4.75	\$5.25
2	\$6.60	\$7.30
3	\$10.80	\$12.00
4	\$15.00	\$16.50
5	\$20.00	\$22.00